

McLEAN FACES THE CHARGE OF MURDER

Has Been Held By Police And Comes Up This Afternoon For Preliminary Hearing

A charge of murder has been preferred against Geo. W. McLean, the companion of Mary Fortier, the young woman who was found dead, near Rat Creek on Friday.

McLean, who has been held in custody by the police since his release from the hospital, will have his preliminary hearing before Magistrate Wade this afternoon.

The coroner's jury implicated McLean as a party to the young woman's death.

McLean is a tall slim youth, barely out of his teens, rather good looking, with the waving yellow hair and blue eyes that denote Saxon blood. He comes of a good family.

HOUSE DIVIDED ON LENNOX MOTION.

Ottawa, May 7.—In the House to-day there was a debate on Mr. Lennox's motion attacking Aylesworth for practicing in the courts. Mr. Lennox moved that it was inexpedient that any Minister of the Crown or deputy head should appear in court as counsel except when he is asked to do so by the House. Mr. Aylesworth said that when he entered the Government he made up his mind to stop legal business and had done so except such cases as he had in hand. But as a matter of right he argued that he could do with his spare time what he pleased, play golf or practise law. Fitzpatrick moved an amendment that public business should have the first attention of Ministers of the Crown, and that permanent officers of the government should give their full time. The amendment was carried, 89 voting for and 54 against, majority 45. Aylesworth did not vote.

—Nanton News:—The majority of the fields of fall wheat in this part of the country have been reseeded the past week, mostly to oats. Some are going to wait awhile longer, and others are going to sow fall wheat again on the same ground, in case they do not get a crop this year, and sow it early, in order that it can get a good start before winter.

'PRISCO' CONDITIONS IMPROVE.

Washington, May 8.—The military secretary has received the following dispatch from General Greely dated San Francisco: Conditions steadily improving. The arrival of thirty-six officers permits assignments to the numerous camps to insure decency, order and sanitation. An estimate places the number of persons thus living at 50,000. Naturally such large bodies become threatening factors as regards the future health of the city.

WINNIPEG PAINTERS ON STRIKE.

Winnipeg, May 8.—Three hundred union painters walked out on strike this morning in an effort to secure conditions of labor which have so far been refused by their employers. The demands of the men are for eight hours in winter and nine hours in summer, together with an increase of wages to raise the minimum pay to \$31.2 cents an hour and the maximum pay to 40 cents an hour.

RETURNED TO WORK

Fort William, May 8.—Plasterers who went out on strike Saturday returned to work today, an agreement between the builders and plasterers having been reached. They will continue to work another year at the old rate of fifty cents per hour.

STRATHCONA NEWS ITEMS

The Bulletin's Daily Budget From the Sister Town

Strathcona, May 7.—Mr. E. Lyne, of the Galtier staff, left last evening via the C.N.R. en route for Lamont and other towns on the line to purchase stock for his firm.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Woodruff and Messrs. Johnston and Bant left town this afternoon, via the capital, for the west where they propose to locate. The objective point is the Rocky Mountains west of Edmonton. Mr. Woodruff came up from Ontario last autumn, suffering from lung trouble, and feels so much better that he intends to take up land.

Mr. Bond brought up a car load of horses lately from High River. He disposed of several here and has taken the rest down to Vegreville where he has friends and where there is a great demand for those animals.

Superintendents Jamieson, Niblock and Brooks of the C.P.R. came in town from the south Saturday evening, passed over to the capital and left this morning for Dayland.

Mr. Knowlton, late of Quebec Province, has been in town for a few weeks. He is interested in real estate both in Winnipeg and Northern Alberta. He is now negotiating for a few farms in this province.

A. Elmalle & Co., Whyte avenue, have made extensive improvements to their show rooms. They have put on iron sheeting, made a new addition to the front, and besides many changes to the interior of their building. These changes and additions were necessitated by the increasing demand of their local trade.

J. J. Fanell and Mathew F. Sexsmith were up before Magistrate Connolly today, charged with being drunk and disorderly. They pleaded guilty. The former was taxed \$5.50, while the latter distinguished himself in a private room of the Commercial hotel and was fined \$2.00 and costs.

The Rev. Dr. Gray, Anglican Minister, Edmonton, was in town today, and went south over the C. & E. on the 4 p.m. train.

Mr. W. J. Stevens, of Clover Bar, secretary Alberta Farmers' Association, went south on the afternoon train, en route for Calgary, on business in connection with the association.

Mr. J. W. Scanlan, travelling representative of the Edmonton Brewery, went south this morning over the C. & E. in the interests of his firm.

Mr. David Fraser, Provincial Boiler Inspector, visited Walter's mill this morning on his tour of inspection and found things satisfactory. Mr. Walters has about 12,000 logs on hand and will commence work at once in order to keep pace with the many orders for lumber, which are coming in continually.

The Hustrick brothers, friends of Mr. Livingstone, town, came in a few days ago from Virginia. They are up to get some Alberta land, and are now out on a tour of inspection.

N. McLean, brother of J. McLean, proprietor of the Dominion hotel, who was so seriously injured by falling down an open cellar-hatchway, is able to be on the street again.

TRYING TO BE PEACEABLE.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—The members of the Council of the Empire are arriving here on trains. Quite a number of distinguished personages have arrived to witness the inauguration of the national Parliament. There were fears that the government might attempt to dissolve parliament before its opening but these were without foundation, and despite the bomb outrage at Moscow there is a mild hope that Russia might enter smoothly into parliamentary life. This is due not only to the moderate attitude of the constitutional democratic party whose leaders are holding the extremists among them in check, but the manifest desire of the Government to avoid a conflict.

LOCAL.

—C. R. Stovel, right-of-way agent of the C.N.R., and Mrs. Stovel, returned to Winnipeg last night.

—"Doc" Scott, veterinary surgeon, returned a few days ago from British Columbia, with a car load of horses.

—Arrangements have been made for 200 unreserved rush seats for the Alhambra concert tomorrow night. These seats will be sold at \$1.00 and can be obtained at the rink.

ALBERTA GRAIN FOR THE ORIENT

Elevator Company Incorporated Last Night Intends to Ship Alberta Red to Hong Kong

"Alberta Red," already famous on this side of the world, is due to become so on the other—and yet right soon. The Alberta Pacific Elevator Company, which has been before the legislature for two or three weeks back asking for a charter and which was last night put through the committee of the whole, has some large plans for the future.

The bill, as it originally came into the House, contained several features to which the members did not take very kindly as it asked larger powers than they considered right for any industrial concern. The bill was re-committed and as it came into the House again last night contained none of the objectionable clauses. The committee of the whole accepted the changes as satisfactory and the bill went through.

The Alberta Pacific proposes nothing less than to divert the trend of the grain trade of the western prairies, making it flow west, where it is now flowing east. They have secured from the Canadian Pacific—which rate will be extended to all shippers—a through rate from the Alberta grain fields to Hong Kong, precisely the same as the wheat growers of Washington, Idaho and Eastern Oregon are paying from the grain fields of the Inland Empire to the Orient.

Up to the present time the American growers in the Palouse country have always enjoyed a better price for their grain owing to the cheaper freight rate to the Orient, than Alberta farmers. At the same time Manitoba growers were enjoying a better price owing to the cheaper freight rate from Manitoba points to the European market. The new freight rate to the Orient should bring the price of Alberta red in the farmers' market up to the Palouse country price, which would make wheat about the same price in Calgary and Edmonton as it is in Winnipeg and Brandon.

Heretofore the export price has not been a great factor in the Northern Alberta wheat market. In the future, however, there is due to be a large surplus over the home demand, which circumstance will attach the export price to this grain.

This surplus, or a large part of it, is what the Alberta Pacific people propose to handle.

For that purpose they propose commencing at once the construction of a 500,000 bushel cleaning and sorting elevator in Calgary and during the summer fifteen or twenty farmers' elevators of 30,000 bushels capacity each throughout the province. Last year they built fifteen elevators of this class.

Calgary is to be the main centre for the grain trade of the company. The elevator site selected is in the east end of the city near the Weston Mill Co.'s plant. All grain for the Orient will go through the Calgary elevator to be cleaned and polished before being shipped across the mountains.

In Vancouver the company will commence at once on the construction of an elevator on Burrard Inlet, or rather Coal Harbor, where the grain will be loaded for export.

L. C. Strong, manager of the Alberta Pacific, who has been in the city for the past few days, said yesterday that the company's investment in Alberta and on the coast for elevators would be not less than \$1,500,000.

They will have the Calgary elevator and the Vancouver elevator ready to handle this year's crop. The country elevators will be built along the C. P. R. branch lines and on the Alberta Railway & Irrigation line. They will be all completed by September 1st.

WORKMEN DROWNED

Quebec, May 8.—While engaged in building a cofferdam across the Montmorency river rapids, a short distance above the falls, four French Canadian workmen fathers of families, were hurled from a capsize boat into the river, drawn down stream at a terrible rate and knocked against the rocks. The unfortunate men were soon unconscious and drowned. A fifth man in the boat was saved but could not tell how it happened. The bodies have not yet been recovered. The drowned are A. Lepage, Maizeré, Jean Legar and Norbert Teade.

PREMIER DELIVERED BUDGET SPEECH IN THE LEGISLATURE YESTERDAY

Estimates That After Making Expenditure of Nearly \$2,000,000, Province Will Have Surplus of \$250,000--- Opposition Found Little to Criticise in the Proposed Expenditures

Yesterday was an eventful day in the Legislature of Alberta. The first provincial budget speech was delivered and the first provincial estimates were passed.

Premier Rutherford, in his capacity as provincial secretary, made the budget speech. He did not waste any time on the flowers of rhetoric, but held himself simply to facts and figures, giving the clearest kind of an outline of the financial situation of the province, explaining the purpose of appropriation as he went along.

He was followed by the Conservative members, who criticised the budget only briefly, and in doing so held themselves almost entirely to comment on the fact that the government, in making an appropriation of \$500,000 for roads, trails and bridges, did not specify where the money was to be expended.

Hon. W. H. Cushing, Minister of Public Works, replied. He gave a general resume of the intentions of his department, stating that of the \$500,000 that the public works proposed spending, \$235,000 was to be on bridges for the southern country, for which the steel had been ordered as far back as last December. He said that he could not give particulars as to where or how all of the appropriation for roads was

to be spent, as, in the north, for instance, there would be a lot of work necessary in a country which had not even been surveyed yet.

John T. Moore, Mr. Stuart and Mr. Breidin followed the minister of public works, occupying the remainder of the afternoon session.

At the evening sitting the House went into supply.

Mr. Hebert rose to a question of privilege and explained to the House that he had not criticised the estimates very severely as he thought it would look ridiculous for an opposition of two to delay the business of the house by criticising the actions of a government with 23 members. In order to do so, and to be effectual in his criticism, he would have to descend to trivialities, which he did not intend to do.

The estimates were thereupon passed without further comment and the House proceeded to other business.

The total appropriation by the Government to defray the expenses of the province for the year ending December 31st, 1906, was \$1,968,881.67.

Premier Rutherford estimates that after having made this expenditure the government will have a surplus from general revenue of over a quarter of a million.

(Continued on Page two)

GET READY FOR THE FLIES
by letting us have the measurement for your screen sashes to make them to fit. We have in stock large and new assortment of screen doors.

Cushing Bros. Co. Ltd.
LUMBER
and all kinds of
BUILDING MATERIAL

THE ALBERTA LIVERY

TO ENJOY A DRIVE

whether for business or pleasure, it is necessary to have good horses, and rigs built for comfort as well as looks. You will find that our turnouts are a happy combination of all these requirements. Special horses for ladies to drive. Prompt and careful service.

J. H. McKinley

Phone 91

FOR SALE

an established, paying business in Edmonton

STOCK ALL NEW

About \$2500 will secure it, Look lively.

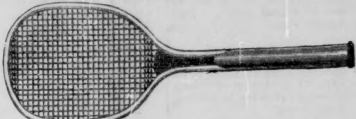
The ALBERTA AGENCIES Ltd.

Real Estate and Insurance Agents

Atlantic Steamship Ticket Agency

Next New Merchants Bank, Jasper Avenue

Sporting Goods



Tennis Rackets, Tennis Balls, Tennis Nets

Base Ball Mitts, Base Ball Gloves, Base Ball Bats

Golf Clubs, Golf Balls, Golf Caddy Bags

Lacrosse Sticks and Balls

Polo Sticks and Balls

and a Complete Line of every line of Sporting Goods

The Douglas Co., Ltd.

Norwood Block, Edmonton.

Next to Bank of Montreal.

Navel Oranges

Bananas

Apples

Ripe Tomatoes

Green Onions

Rhubarb

Lettuce

Radish

Arriving Fresh Every Day

HALLIER & ALDRIDGE

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS

THE Traders Bank of Canada

HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO.

Capital authorized \$5,000,000

Capital paid up 2,000,000

Reserve 1,000,000

Total assets exceed \$25,000,000

C. D. WARREN, President.

H. S. STRATHY, General Manager.

Money Orders issued payable throughout Canada.

Interest allowed on Deposits of \$1 and up at highest current rates.

Open Saturday nights from 7 to 9.

Sterling and Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold.

T. F. S. JACKSON, Manager

HOUSE CLEANING TIME

is suggestive of new

Furniture and Carpets

Our stock is very complete in all lines. We have some nice odd pieces of parlor furniture in fancy chairs and tables, something swell, at reasonable prices. We are also showing a special line of Book Cases and Secretaries, from \$3.75 up to \$40. Lounges, Easy Chairs and Settees, at all prices.

Come and look at our stock, we have some nice furniture to show you at tempting prices.

BLOWEY, HENRY CO.

Fine Furniture & Carpets.



FOR LADIES ONLY.

We keep special horses for the ladies to drive. Try one. If you don't like it bring it back.

Come follow; a nice drive with a nice girl, on a nice day can only be enjoyed with a nice outfit. We have it.

Our Tally Ho Bus service is at. Phone us to call for you for Strathcona.

Car load horses arriving this week. A few teams for sale, also wagon and harness. Horses clipped while you wait.

EDMONTON LIVERY

W. J. HORNER, Proprietor.

PHONE 46.

Reliable. Responsible

OUR SALE AND WANT COLUMN

Safe And Sound Investments For A Quick Turnover At A Reasonable Advance

CITY PROPERTY

\$5,000 for Lots 42, 43, Block 14, H. B. R. We know you cannot buy anything at this price in this locality. Call and see us re this Terms.

We have several splendid houses for sale in the east and west end of city, from \$1,000 to \$3,000.

\$550 for five acre plots on Ascot park, commanding a grand view of the city, \$250 down and balance \$75 in two six-monthly payments at 8 per cent.

\$5,000 for a choice house and lot (corner) on McDougall avenue; terms.

\$13,500 will purchase 25 feet on Jasper avenue at Post Office, with building. Splendid rental. Owner has placed it in our hands for absolute sale. Terms easy.

\$27,000 for 90 feet on the corner of Rice street and First street, behind Empire block. This will be worth \$20,000 before many months. First payment and balance are easy.

\$11,500 for two lots corner position on Syndicate avenue, don't miss these. We advise you to go and see them. Lots 7 & 8, Block 24, R. L. 14 and Lot 7 & 8, Block 25, R. L. 14. Terms easy in both cases.

\$2,500 for three lots, corner position, on Kinsella avenue, suitable for large store and dwelling house. Locality good. Terms easy.

\$500 buys large up-to-date house on Fifth street, situated in good locality. Terms easy.

Boarding house for sale, eleven rooms and full, up-to-date stable and buggy room in heart of the city, \$4,000, half cash, and the balance easy.

\$575 each, 3 long lots between Ottawa and Government avenue, this is going to be a fine residential property. Terms are very easy.

4 lots on Jasper avenue, close to Hudson's Bay stores, commanding corner position. Here is a chance to make some money at an early date. Price is low and terms easy.

Hotel near Edmonton, up-to-date in every way, doing a splendid business, good reason for selling.

1 lots close to the river near the brewery, with houses and stables; this is an A1 position for a factory.

Corner position on Jasper avenue, east end facing five streets, with house, \$5,000; good terms.

\$900 for two lots on Kinsella avenue; reasonable payments, high and dry.

\$1750, half acre of ground and house. Owner must sell, having a payment to make. Call and see us re this speculation. Small payments.

\$700. This is our special snap this week. A house and lot next the Grace Methodist church on Sutherland street; \$225 of this can remain on mortgage.

\$400 each, two lots east end, splendid building site, terms; close in.

\$1800 swell cottage, east end, close in, newly finished, can remain on mortgage.

\$3500, substantial house in the west end, close to Jasper, terms; up-to-date in every way.

\$2400 comfortable house west end, Seventh street. Owner must sell, one-third down; balance to suit.

\$4500 substantial built residence in west end. Terms.

Farms!

Farms!

Farms!

\$30 per acre, nice farm at Horse Hills, very highly improved, 320 acres, nearly all in cultivation, nice lake, close to the city. Terms.

\$45 per acre, farm situated close to city limits, improved; good buildings, terms.

\$15 per acre, 320 acres, Riviere qui Barre. This is a choice buy, section good clean land; well improved. Terms.

\$14 per acre, between Edmonton and St. Albert, the best of black loam and clay subsoil. Easy payments.

\$6 to 210 per acre, 16,000 acres in sections and hand sections, situated along the route of the C. N. R. and C. T. P. The best black loam and clay subsoil. Mostly open prairie land, very little clearing to do, the water is of the best quality, and the district is English-speaking, the prices we know are right and the terms are easy.

\$50.00 per acre for 160 acres, two miles north of the city limits. This is a desirable spot for a suburban residence, therefore can be cut up into lots at a good profit. Half cash, balance easy.

\$250 for quarter section seven miles from the city, all tillable, good houses, splendid water, 60 acres in cultivation. Easy terms.

\$20.00 per acre for 320 acres between St. Albert and Edmonton. This proposition is worth investigating.

\$15.00 per acre for 80 acres, six miles from the city. Terms.

\$1800 alone and lot on Namoy avenue. Come and have a chat with us re this.

\$20.00 per acre, well improved farm; new houses, 110 acres in cultivation, ten miles from Strathcona, plenty of good water; near church and school house. Terms.

400 acres west of Stony Plain, prairie land \$3.00 per acre, terms.

320 acres six miles from the city \$30.00 per acre; extra well improved. Terms.

100 acres, five miles from Star, four miles from C. N. R. station, ninety acres in cultivation, splendid water, all fenced, very little scrub, good hay land, close to church and school. It would do your heart good to see this quarter section. \$14.50 per acre. This must be sold within 10 days.

\$12 per acre, choice half section at Agricola school house. East terms.

THE BUDGET.

(Continued from Page 1.)

In introducing the estimates the Premier said:—
Mr. SPEAKER:—It has fallen to my lot to present a statement of the revenue of this Province for this year, and also some explanation of the estimates which are presented to this House. I realize the difficulty of my position, this being the first budget speech, as it is known, to be delivered in this Province. (Applause.) It is the custom for Provincial Treasurers to largely confine their explanations in this matter to a comparison between the revenues and expenditures for the previous year with the revenues and expenditures of the year in which the estimates are presented. I am in that position today that I have no previous year to compare the revenues and expenditures. We have only commenced to do business in this Province, and on that account there is no opportunity given to make a comparison with previous years.

In the first place it devolves upon me to explain to you the revenue of the present year to give you some idea as to the source of same, and afterwards I shall have some observations to make on the proposed expenditure.

Previous to the formation of the Territories into Provinces the Territorial Government prepared estimates of expenditures that were presented to the government at Ottawa, and each year they requested from the Dominion Government a grant equal to what they proposed to expend less the amount that they expected to derive from local sources. There was no fixed income; no fixed revenue or subsidy from the Federal authorities at that time, but our position as a Province is different from this, we have a fixed subsidy conferred upon us under the Alberta Act. (Applause.)

It might be of interest to the House to learn the amount that the territorial administration received from time to time from the Federal government for the purpose of carrying on their work. I give this to the House to show that the West is growing, and how the grants were increased year by year in order to meet the requirements necessitated by the rapid growth of the country:

In the year 1892 the Dominion Government granted to the North-West Territories.	\$195,700
1893	199,200
1904	225,534
1895	267,534
1896	242,879
And for each of the years 1897, 1898, 1899	282,879
1900	424,879
1901	407,879
1902	457,979
1903	957,979
1904	1,100,000

I have stated, Mr. Speaker, that under the Alberta Act we now receive a fixed subsidy from the Dominion Government, and that grant increases with the growth of population. (Applause.) We receive for legislation a fixed sum of \$50,000.00 each year, but this amount does not increase with the extension of population. We receive on capital account, on account of our starting business without a debt, \$405,375.00, and this is a fixed amount which we receive each year so long as we exist as a Province. (Applause.) On an estimated population of two hundred and fifty thousand at eighty cents per head, we receive the sum of \$200,000.00. (Applause.) This amount increases with the growth of population until the population of the Province reaches eight hundred thousand, when we receive \$640,000.00. (Loud applause.) We are also given a grant in lieu of lands on the estimated population, two hundred and fifty thousand, the sum of \$375,000.00, and when such population reaches four hundred thousand we receive \$562,500.00. (Loud applause.) When our population reaches eight hundred thousand, the sum payable shall be \$750,000.00. (Applause.) When the population reaches one million, two hundred thousand, we receive \$1,125,000. (Applause.) When we receive our maximum subsidy from the Dominion Government we receive the sum of \$2,220,375.00. (Applause.)

I further ought to explain that for a period of five years in lieu of public lands, paid by Canada to the Province annually by half yearly payments, in advance, for five years from the time the Alberta Act comes into force, to provide for the construction of necessary public buildings, the sum of \$93,750.00, amounting in all for five years to \$468,750.00. (Applause.)

All the provinces of Canada receive annually a subsidy, payable half yearly in advance from the Dominion Government, and this year, 1906, the Federal Administration pays out in subsidies to the provincial governments the sum of \$6,726,372.88. Of this the Province of Ontario receives \$1,339,287.28

Quebec	1,086,713.48
Nova Scotia	432,805.56
New Brunswick	491,360.96
Manitoba, including allowance for lands, etc.	608,947.06
British Columbia	307,076.66
Prince Edward Island	211,931.88
Saskatchewan	1,124,125.00
Alberta	1,124,125.00

(Applause.)

So much for an explanation showing the source of the greater amount of our provincial revenue.

Now, Mr. Speaker, this Government took office in the month of September, 1905, and during the four months of last year we received a certain revenue and incurred certain expenditures, and I think in order to make my statement plain that I should intimate to you the amount of revenue we received during that time, and also explain our expenditure during these four months. The amount received in September last year from the Dominion Government was the sum of \$515,187.50. On account of public buildings trust the sum of \$46,875.00, and the grant received for the construction of public buildings we have placed in the trust fund in the bank, keeping that account separate from the general revenue. (Applause.) We received from the liquidator of the North-West Territories the sum of \$102,775.42. I might add that the Dominion Government appointed a liquidator to liquidate the affairs of the Government of the North-West Territories, and the amount to the credit of the Territories was divided equally between the two Provinces. (Applause.) From other sources we received the sum of \$18,215.00. A total revenue for four months of last year of \$683,052.92. (Applause.) According to the estimates presented a few days ago we expended during that time \$162,722.93, leaving a surplus at the end of last year of \$520,329.99. (Loud applause.)

We started at the commencement of this year with a surplus to credit of general revenue account of \$473,252.54. Surplus from 1905 on public building account of \$47,077.35. (Applause.) This is a little more than half of the grant of \$93,750.00 that we receive each year, but we derive interest from the bank on that amount. (Loud applause.)

This year under the head of Government and legislation we receive the sum of.....	\$ 50,000.00
Population	200,000
Annual payment to Prov.....	405,375.00
Compensation, public lands	375,000.00
Public bld'g fund.....	93,750.00

Total amount of Dominion subsidy for this year\$1,124,125.00

We also estimate that we will receive on interest of moneys from the sale of school lands the sum of \$47,000.00, and this will be a growing fund. I might be permitted, Mr. Speaker, to read to

you the section of the Dominion Lands Act under which we receive this revenue: Section 20, sub-section 4 of this Act, dated 1883, reads as follows:

"Provided also that all moneys from time to time realized from the sale of school lands shall be invested in Dominion securities to form a school fund and the interest arising therefrom after deducting the cost of management shall be paid annually to the Government of the Province or Territory within which such lands are situated towards the support of public schools therein. And the money so paid to be distributed for that purpose by the Government of such Province or Territory, in such manner as may by it be deemed most expedient." (Applause.)

We estimate, Mr. Speaker, the amount that we will receive under the railway tax bill the sum of \$160,000.00, and it is expected that from land registration offices a revenue will be received of \$50,000.00, and from other sources the sum of \$100,000.00. (Applause.) The other sources from which we derive this \$100,000.00 are in part as follows: Auctioneers' and pedlars' license fees, marriage licenses, veterinary surgeons licenses, certificates under provincial seal, incorporation, registration and license fees under foreign companies ordinance, notary, commissions, succession duty, hotel liquor licenses, dining car, commercial travellers, permits and fines, engineers, steam boilers, redemption fees, brands, vital statistics, registration, game licenses, gazette, sale of ordinances, etc. (Applause.) I might state that if we see fit we can very well supplement the source from which we will derive revenue in the future, and I think it would only be right and proper that we might tax lands outside of school districts for school purposes. (Loud applause.) Most of the provinces of the Dominion receive a revenue from other sources—from corporations other than railways, insurance companies, banks, incorporated companies, loan companies, navigation companies, telegraph companies, telephone companies, tramway companies, etc., pay a revenue in the different provinces of the confederation, and I do not see why we should not receive a revenue from these sources. (Applause.) However, all these matters will be taken into consideration between now and the second session of this Legislature. (Hear, hear.)

Now, Mr. Speaker, lest the House may have forgotten the trend of my remarks, I will recapitulate some of the figures I have submitted:

We commence with a surplus of.....	\$ 520,329.99
From the Dominion Government for 1906	1,124,125.00
Estimated revenue from other sources	100,000.00
Railways	160,000.00
Interest on school lands	47,000.00
Registry offices	50,000.00

A total revenue of.....\$2,001,454.99

Expenditure as per estimates which we have brought down\$1,968,081.67

But you will notice in the estimates that there is a sum of \$250,000.00 advanced to creameries. This amount is placed there so that we can issue cheques for the payment to the creameries, but we expect to receive every cent of this back. (Applause.) Deduct this amount from the estimated expenditure, \$1,968,081.67, it will leave an expenditure for this year of \$1,718,081.67, leaving a very modest surplus of \$283,373.32 (applause) with the additional revenue estimated from railroads, interest on school lands and land registration offices. (Loud applause.)

Now, Mr. Speaker, with regard to the proposed expenditures for the year 1906, I might offer a few remarks:

Under the head of Civil Government we propose to expend \$127,806.67, which largely covers the salaries and expenses of the departments and offices in connection with the administration. Remuneration to the Cabinet will amount to \$21,000.00. I do not know whether the salaries proposed to pay to the Ministers of the Crown are moderate or not—I think myself they are fair. In Ontario Ministers of the Crown are paid \$55,000.00. Under the head of legislation it is expected that we will expend \$29,425.00. This includes the indemnity and expenses of members of this legislature. We have increased duties and expenses in connection with the administration of justice over and above the salaries of the old territorial government. We will now have charge of criminal prosecutions and maintenance, and many matters in connection with the department of justice which we did not have jurisdiction over before. (Hear, hear.) Under the head of maintenance and transportation of inmates, \$25,000.00, and for the maintenance and transportation of prisoners \$14,000.00. Salaries of the clerks of the court \$15,000.00. Salaries and maintenance of registry offices \$30,000.00, and the license branch which will be under the department of the attorney general, to conduct will require an outlay of \$8,700.00.

It is proposed to make a large expenditure this year in connection with public works, and I think this House will agree with me that this department is in very good hands for the expenditure of public moneys. (Loud applause.) We expect to expend on public works in this Province this year the sum of \$998,000.00. More than half the total amount of our expenditure. As a Province we will have to undertake the construction of provincial buildings and also the construction of roads and bridges, that come under this important department. (Applause.)

There is an item of \$20,000.00 for legislative and departmental buildings. This embraces the amount that we will have to pay for rental of offices.

Boring for Water and Public Wells, \$15,000.00. In Northern Alberta there is no difficulty in obtaining water, but in some other sections of the Province there is great difficulty in obtaining a supply of water, and it has been the custom under the old territorial regime in the past to make provision in this matter, and we therefore consider it our duty to give encouragement to this object. (Applause.)

For ditches and drains we propose to expend \$20,000.00. Maintenance and repairs of Public Works \$50,000.00.

And for the construction of roads and bridges \$500,000.00. (Loud applause.)

\$267,000.00 of this latter amount will likely go towards the construction of bridges (applause) and the balance for roads. I might Mr. Speaker, be permitted to point out some of the items under the expenditure for bridges. It is proposed to construct a bridge near Calgary on the Bow River at a cost of \$50,000.00. (Applause.) Over the old Man river in the Pincher Creek district we will construct a bridge at a cost of \$20,000.00. Roadwork, where my honorable friend on the Opposition side of the House comes from, has not been overlooked, and we propose to build a bridge on the little Red Deer river at a cost of \$10,000.00. (Applause.) In the Sturgeon district on the Sturgeon river, and the Battle River bridges at Wetaskiwin, there is a proposed expenditure of \$10,000.00 for each district. On the South Saskatchewan river in Medicine Hat, it is proposed to construct a bridge at an expenditure of \$50,000.00. (Applause.) This will give the House an idea of the larger expenditures in connection with bridges.

In the southern part of Alberta I believe more expensive bridges are required than in the north, and provincial moneys will therefore go to a large extent to improve roads and construct smaller bridges in this part of the country. (Applause.) We cannot, however, undertake to expend the same amount in each year, but it is hoped in the course of a series of years there will be a very much smaller amount required. (Hear, hear.)

We expect, Mr. Speaker, to commence the erection of a Normal School in the city of Calgary. (Applause.) I might be permitted to add that the location of a Normal School is the first provincial building that the Government has selected or located in this Province. (Applause.) We do not expect that the purchase of a site and the erection of a proper and substantial building will cost only \$35,000.00. We fully expect that the Normal School when completed will cost at least in the neighborhood of \$115,000.00 or \$120,000.00. (Applause.) I think any public buildings to be erected should be of a substantial character, and we propose to build a substantial Normal School building in the city of Calgary that will be a credit to the Province. (Applause.) There is also an item in the estimates of \$2000.00 for the purchase of a site for a cold storage building. We hope the creamery industry will grow with the Province, and I am sure it will build to grow such extent that there will be more distributing points required in connection with the business in the course of a few years. (Applause.) There is an item of \$140,000.00 for the construction of parliament buildings. I presume as the capital question is now decided that we can very well proceed with the erection of the legislative buildings. We are paying a higher rent for necessary accommodation now, and the sooner we have our own buildings constructed the better for all concerned. (Applause.) We do not expect, however, that the parliament buildings which we will erect will be constructed for the sum of \$140,000.00 (Hear, hear.) It is estimated by the government that we will expend probably the sum of \$400,000.00 or \$500,000.00 in the erection of legislative buildings. (Loud applause.) It is most desirable that a structure of this character should be substantial and a credit to the Province (applause) and it is proposed to erect a building that will meet the present requirements, and a structure that can be added to when the necessity arises. (Applause.)

There is no Court House in the town of Cardston, and we propose this year, Mr. Speaker, to erect a building of this nature there. (Applause.) Judges have been complaining of the accommodation there, and we have appropriated the sum of \$10,000.00 for this purpose. (Applause.) There is no Court House in the city, or what will be a city in the course of two or three days, of Wetaskiwin, and we intend to purchase a site for a Court House at that point. (Applause.) Hon. members are quite aware that there are Court Houses in a number of the towns throughout the Province that have been erected by the Dominion Government, and so that we will not have to undertake the erection of Court Houses to a very great extent. (Hear, hear.) The item of \$15,000.00 in the estimates for the purchase of a Court

(Continued on Page 3.)

ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS.

P. O. Drawer 6 Phone 45.
CAUTLEY, COVE & CAUTLEY,
Dominion Land Surveyors
and Engineers.
Rooms 25 and 26, Norwood block, Edmonton.

P. O. Box 204 Phone 187.
A. PRINCEVILL
CIVIL ENGINEER AND DOMINION
LAND SURVEYOR.
Mapping and Blue Printing, etc.
ROOMS: 2 and 3 SANDHORN BLOCK,
EDMONTON.

MEDICAL.

DR. ROY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Specialties—Diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Testing eyes for glasses.
Office hours 2 to 5 p. m. Office over Morrow's drug store.
Residence, Fifth street, corner Hardisty avenue. Phone 55.

J. D. HARRISON, M.A., M.D., C.M.
Office and residence 5th St. West, two doors south Jasper Ave. Office hours—10 a. m. to 5 p. m. to 4 p. m. Phone 239.

DR. BARROW
Fourth street west, south of Jasper avenue.
Telephone 125

JESSIE A. LYN, M.D.C.M. (Trinity).
Specialties—Diseases of Women and Children.
Hours: 2-4 p. m. and 6-7.30 p. m.
Residence—Seventh street, north of Jasper. Telephone 472.

DR. LANE,
Physician and Surgeon.
Residence, Roland street, opposite Fraser Hill.
N. B.—Special attention to eye and throat.

LEGAL.

SHORT, CROSS & BIGGAR,
Advocates, Notaries, etc.
Offices at present in Cameron Block. Over new offices of Merchants Bank of Canada after May 1st, next.
Edmonton, Alta.
Company and private funds to loan.
Wm. Short, Hon. C. W. Cross.
O. M. Biggar.

NOEL, NOEL & CORMACK,
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
Edmonton, Alta., Dawson, Y.T.,
Edmonton office, Potter & McLeod, gall building, corner of McDougall and Jasper avenues.

ALEXANDER SMITH, W. JOHNSON,
SMITH & JOHNSON
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
Parliamentary and Department Agents before the Railway and other Commissions and in the Supreme and Exchequer Courts.
EDMONTON.

WILFRED GRIFFITH
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE
NOTARY, ETC.
Offices: Gariepy & Lessard Block, Edmonton, Alberta.

ACCOUNTANTS.

G. F. BLYTHE,
AUDITOR, ACCOUNTANT
ADULTER, LIQUIDATOR, ETC.
Office—LeMay & Withycombe.

ARCHITECTS.

F. DEGENDORFER, Architect and Civil Engineer.
Designs, Specifications, Estimates, Valuations, Supervision of all kinds of structures.
P. O. Box 234, Edmonton, Alta.

JOHNSON & BARNES
ARCHITECTS
H. D. Johnson, R. Percy Barnes,
Reg. Arc. P. Q.
Offices—Rooms 2, 3, 5, Lee Block, Corner of Jasper avenue and Second street. Opposite Revillon Bros.

MUSIC.

VERNON BARFORD
(Organist of All Saints Church)
PIANIST AND TEACHER
Studio in McDougall Block, Corner of Second and Jasper Avenues.

MISS BESSIE PHILLIPS gives lessons on the Piano, Organ and Violin. Pupils taken through the Vienna Conservatorium Course.
Studio Fifth Street West.

PERCY S. HOOK
MUSICAL DIRECTOR
Of the Alberta College. Receives Pupils for the Piano, Organ and Theory. Address, Alberta College.

FRED P. SHANKS
PIANO TUNER.
Teacher Violin, Piano, Organ, Singing and Interpretation. Violinist Clark's Orchestra. Orders left at Potter & McLeod's Store will receive immediate attention. Phone 181.

MISS JEANIE M. MACLEOD
Student from Conservatories—"New England" Boston. "Halifax." Nova Scotia, will organize a class for training in Piano/forte playing. Specialty—The training of children. Special free class work every Saturday for all pupils. For further particulars and terms address Box 263 or call at Athabasca avenue, opposite new Baptist church.

PIANO TUNING.
Mr. Chan, G. Jones has been tuning for the following institutions and well known artists for the past five years, to whom new customers are referred. The superiority of his work is therefore unquestioned. Mr. Vernon Barford, Alberta College; Rev. J. H. Riddell, Principal, Mr. Percy Hook, Musical Director; the Convent, Rev. Mother Superior.
ASTLEY JONES PIANO & ORGAN

NEW ART STUDIO
MRS. W. L. FORRESTER
Corner Namoy avenue and Clara street. Instructions in oil and water color painting. Also fancy needle work, point lace, Battenberg, Mexican drawn-work, quilt embroidery, etc. Terms reasonable. Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

W. H. MARTIN & CO.
Builders and Contractors
(Formerly with H. Martin & Son, Toronto.)
Buildings of all kinds put up in shortest notice. Warehouses our specialties. Office, 1010-1012, Avenue, Strathcona office, with Gallagher & Gibson real estate; Edmonton; Box 29 Bulletin.

The Seton Smith Co.

Red Star



Land Office

Box 368 McDougall Avenue, Edmonton, Phone 250

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817

Capital all paid up - \$14,400,000
 Reserve Fund - \$10,000,000
 Assets - \$158,232,409

HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL

Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, G.C.M.G. - HON. PRES.
 Sir George A. Drummond, K.C.M.G. - PRESIDENT
 J. Clouston - VICE-PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER

Branches and agencies at all principal points in Canada.
 Also in London, England
 New York, Chicago and Spokane
 And Newfoundland.

Traveler's Circular Letters of Credit And Commercial Credit issued for use
 all parts of the world.
 Collections made on favorable terms.
 Drafts sold available at all points in the United States, Europe and Can-
 ada and Hong Kong.
 Interest allowed on deposits at current rates.
 C. PARDEE, Manager, Edmonton Branch

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO

Capital, paid up - \$3,900,000.00
 Reserve Fund - \$3,900,000.00

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Deposits received and interest allowed on deposits of
 \$1 and upwards at current rates from date of opening
 of account and compounded half-yearly.

G. R. F. Kirkpatrick,
 Manager Edmonton Branch

Union Bank of Canada**THE ROYAL TRUST CO.**

ESTABLISHED 1865
 HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC
 Capital paid up - \$1,000,000
 Reserve Fund - \$250,000
 Assets over - \$25,000,000
 ONE HUNDRED AND TEN
 BRANCHES IN CANADA.
 ACCOUNTS received on favorable
 terms.

SAVINGS BANK DEPT.
 In connection: deposits of \$1 and up-
 wards received.
 American and Sterling exchange
 bought and sold.
 Drafts issued payable at par at any
 time in Canada or the United States.
 J. J. ANDERSON,
 Manager, Edmonton.

E. C. PARDEE,
 Agent.

CANADA PERMANENT

Mortgage Corporation

PAID-UP CAPITAL - \$ 6,000,000.00
 RESERVE FUND - 2,500,000.00
 INVESTMENTS - 25,311,114.35

Deposits Received - 4 per cent per Annum, Compound-
 Interest Allowed at 4 cent ed Twice Each Year

EVERY FACILITY

ABSOLUTE SECURITY

Branch Office - IMPERIAL BANK BLOCK - Edmonton

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Paid-up Capital, \$10,000,000. Reserve Fund, \$4,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

R. E. WALKER, General Manager ALEX. LAIRD, Asst. Gen'l Manager

BRANCHES THROUGHOUT CANADA, AND IN
 THE UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND
 A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

FARMERS' BANKING

Every facility afforded Farmers for their banking
 business. Sales Notes cashed or taken
 for collection.

BANKING BY MAIL.—Deposits may be made or withdrawn by
 mail. Out-of-town accounts receive every attention.

T. M. TURNBULL,
 Manager Edmonton Branch

BANK OF HAMILTON.

HEAD OFFICE: HAMILTON, ONT.

CAPITAL PAID UP - \$ 2,440,740.00
 RESERVE FUND - 2,440,740.00
 TOTAL ASSETS - 20,000,000.00

Hon. Wm. Gibson, President; J. Turnbull, Vice President; John Proctor,
 George Rutherford, Hon. J. S. Hendrie, Cyrus A. Birge, C. C. Dalton.

EIGHTY OFFICES THROUGHOUT CANADA.

A general banking business transacted.

Interest at current rate allowed on Savings Bank.

Deposits from \$1 upwards.

Drafts bought and sold.

Collections effected in all parts of Canada.

Special attention given to Sterling Exchange.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED

Edmonton Branch : : H. A. GRAY, Agent.

JOHN B. McKAY & CO.
 Real Estate

Open for Business Saturday, April 14. Room 1, Sandison Block

Advertise in the Bulletin---It Pays

THE BUDGET.

(Continued from Page 2.)

House site at Wetaskwin is also intended to cover sites for asylums and

jails. (Some hon. Members—Where?) Laughter.

We have also placed in the estimates the sum of \$25,000.00, and this amount

will probably cover any work that we can undertake this year. (Ap-
 plause.)

Proceeding, Mr. Speaker, to the estimates covering education, we estimate
 for educational purposes this year the sum of \$300,000. The greater part
 of this goes in grants to schools, namely, \$165,000.00 (Applause.) The Gov-
 ernment of the Territories heretofore paid very little grants for the sup-
 port of a common school system, and we do not propose to make any change
 in the method or the amount of those grants (Applause.) We hope at the
 end of this year that there will be 750 or 800 schools in operation in the
 Province, and I do not think anyone will begrudge a liberal amount for the
 support of education. (Hear, hear.) We have now six school inspectors and
 we are paying them at the rate of \$1600.00 a year, and in addition to this
 they receive a subsistence allowance. They are required to furnish them-
 selves with a team and everything connected with a driving outfit, and we
 allow them at the rate of \$500.00 a month for that purpose, so that each
 inspector will receive for salary and maintenance the sum of \$2700.00.

We felt our duty in order to properly organize school districts among
 the foreign population to appoint supervisors. (Applause.) The duty of this
 official is to organize schools and place the districts on a proper business
 basis, and to have a general supervision over schools. Since this official has
 been appointed there have been organized about sixteen schools (Applause.)
 It is our duty to provide for the education, transportation and maintenance
 of the deaf, mute and blind, and for this purpose we have placed in the
 estimates the sum of \$4000.00 (Applause.)

In the department of agriculture it is expected that we will spend \$15,
 000.00. \$250,000.00 of this goes towards advance payments to creameries,
 which will be repaid to the provincial exchequer after the sale of the
 butter. (Applause.) The sum of \$50,000.00 has been set aside in connection
 with the destruction of noxious weeds. If reports are correct, about 14 per
 cent. of the grain sent to Fort William is weeds, so it is most desirable that
 strenuous efforts be exercised in this matter. (Applause.) There have been
 very few weed inspectors heretofore, and we propose to have a number and
 instruct them to do their best towards exterminating noxious weeds. (Ap-
 plause.)

The territorial government about two years ago appointed a bacteriolo-
 gist, who was located at Regina. We do not propose to make an appoint-
 ment for this Province at present, but propose, however, to continue this bac-
 teriologist between the two provinces until we have matters arranged. (Ap-
 plause.) Next year we may require the services of some one in this con-
 nection. (Hear, hear.)

We have, Mr. Speaker, taken over the dairying industries of this Province
 from the Dominion Government and propose to do the work on the same
 lines the federal administration undertook to carry out. In addition to operat-
 ing factories we propose to establish dairies to see to give instruction to the
 people of the Province (loud applause). We propose to consider the manu-
 facture of butter so that it will be of a uniform character and for this
 purpose we have set aside the estimates \$7,500.00. (Applause.)

For the extension of markets we have appropriated the sum of \$500.00.
 This is for the purpose of securing market prices of grain so that the farm-
 ers will be enabled to find an outlet for their products at the proper time
 of the year. (Applause.)

We were requested by all the Boards of Trade in the Province to give
 some encouragement to the Western Canada Immigration Association. This
 association has been doing a good work for immigration in the Western Pro-
 vinces and we have an item in the estimates of \$2,500.00 for this purpose.
 (Applause.) We do not propose to hand this amount right over to the asso-
 ciation without having control of same, and we will see that there are two
 or three parties from this part of the province who will be members of the
 executive and will control this amount. (Applause.)

Under the head of hospitals, charities and public health the sum of
 \$33,500.00 has been set aside.

Miscellaneous, the sum of \$45,100.00. \$20,000.00 of this will
 go toward printing, as quite a lot of printing will be required in
 connection with the journals of the House and the reports and
 statements of the various departments. \$15,000.00 under this
 head will go towards meeting the expenses of elections; \$8,500.00
 of it for consolidation of the Ordinances.

Another item to which I wish to refer before I resume my
 seat is the sum of \$1,200.00 for the provincial rifle association,
 and this includes the sum of \$1,000.00 to be devoted to sending a
 rifle team to Ottawa to take part in the rifle association matches
 there. (Applause.) I understand the other provinces devote this
 amount to that purpose, and I therefore think there will be no
 objection to this amount in the estimates. (Hear, hear and ap-
 plause.)

Now, Mr. Speaker, I have placed the financial standing of
 the country to this House in as lucid a manner as possible, and
 have pointed out that the revenue is large and that the expendi-
 ture is smaller than the estimates, hence the country is in the
 happy position of having a surplus. (Loud applause.)

We live, Mr. Speaker, in one of the grandest provinces in
 this Canadian confederation. (Loud applause.) We believe there
 is a great future before our great province today, and that it will
 be a still grander province in the very near future. (Applause.)
 And we fondly hope in the course of a few years that millions of
 people will find their homes here in this Province of Alberta. (Ap-
 plause.) Our resources are such that we can support ten millions
 of population. (Applause.) We hope that our fond expectations
 will be realized. (Hear, hear.) We are a hopeful people. We
 have no pessimists in Alberta; a pessimist could not succeed.
 (Applause.) We are optimistic, and always look on the brighter
 side of affairs, and so long as we keep on progressing in the future
 as we have in the past we will without a doubt become the great
 premier province in British North America. (Loud applause.)

MOORE'S
 NON-LEAKABLE
 FOUNTAIN
 PEN

UNLIKE ALL OTHERS.

IN A CLASS
 BY ITSELF!GUARANTEED TO
 WRITE FREELY
 AT THE FIRST
 STROKE...CLEAN
 —To Fill.CLEAN
 —To Carry.CLEAN
 —To Handle.EVERY PEN
 UNCONDITIONALLY
 WARRANTEDASK YOUR LOCAL
 DEALER TO SHOW
 THEMWOOD FIBRE PLASTER
 and
 PLASTER OF PARIS
 for sale.Two carloads just arrived.
 W. B. POUCHER,
 5th St. West, Phone 446.

FOR SALE OR TRADE
 One five year old stallion, weight
 1600 lbs. Apply Box 81 Bulletin of-
 fice.
 dy 103-109 pd

THE**MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA**

are now occupying
 their new premises

Corner of Jasper and Howard Sts.

THE LARGEST LIST TO SELECT FROM

Farm Lands, Wild and Improved, from \$8.00 per acre. Easy Payment Plan.
 Business Sites. Residential Lots. Houses and Script.
 Over \$300,000 of our own Realty.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

NORWOOD AND NORWOOD ADDITION.

Lots from \$200.00. Terms: 15 per cent cash; balance payable \$5.00
 per lot per month without interest.

Houses Built on choice Lots. Investments Made.

EDMONTON REAL ESTATE CO.

Sole Agents

Phone 299.

P.O. Box 414.

OF INTEREST TO YOU.

It is a wise plan to lay aside
 a small amount each week and
 to deposit it with this Com-
 pany, where it will - - -

Earn 4% Interest

National Trust Company, Limited

Alberta Branch: Corner Jasper and First Street.

A. M. STEWART, Manager.

THE NORTHERN BANK

Head Office, Winnipeg

Capital Authorized - \$2,000,000
 Capital Subscribed - \$1,000,000

Sir Daniel McMillan, K.C.M.G., Pres.; Capt. Wm. Robinson, Vice-Pres.

Alan J. Adamson, M.P. John A. McDougall,
 James H. Ashdown, Frederick Nation,
 D. C. Cameron, Hon. R. P. Roblin,
 Geo. R. Crowe, Fred W. Stewart,
 Hon. W. H. Montague, A. Stamford White.

J. W. deC. O'GRADY, GENERAL MANAGER

A General Banking Business Transacted

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on deposits of \$1 and upwards, at the highest current
 rates, from date of deposit, and added to the principal EVERY THREE
 MONTHS.

Edmonton Branch: Cor. Jasper and Queens Ave.

L. M. McCarthy - - - - - Manager

ESTATE SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction
 on Wednesday, May ninth, 1906, in
 front of the post office at the town of
 Wetaskwin, at twelve o'clock noon, the
 following lands situate in the Wetask-
 win district, belonging to the estate of
 the late Robert Ramsey, being in
 Township Forty-three (43), Range
 Twenty-three (23) west of the Fourth
 Meridian:

1. That portion of Section Twenty-
 seven (27) south of Battle River con-
 taining 320.70 acres.

2. The North-west quarter of Sec-
 tion Twenty-seven (27) containing
 containing 156.75 acres.

3. The north east quarter of Section
 Twenty-two (22) containing 156.90
 acres.

4. Eighty and nine hundredths
 (89.90) acres of the south-east quarter
 of Section Twenty-two (22).

5. Eighty-two and forty-hundredths
 (82.40) acres of the northwest quarter
 of Section Twenty-two (22).

The above lands are sold subject to
 a reserve bid. Terms, 10 per cent cash
 within five minutes of the property be-
 ing knocked down to the buyer. Bal-
 ance on delivery of title, free from all
 encumbrances.

For full particulars apply to W. J.
 McManara, auctioneer, Wetaskwin, or
 the undersigned.

LOUGHEED & BENNETT,
 Advocates, Calgary.

Dy 102-108.

SUMMERLAND

ON THE MARKET TUESDAY, MAY 1

75 lots, half of which face the river—every lot high and dry. Inside the city
 limits at the south end of the famous Groat Estate—one of the most beautiful
 spots in the city.
 Prices \$300 to \$500. Terms, 1-3 cash, balance in six and twelve months.

WATSON & CO.**H. BOWEN****The GREAT WEST LAND CO. Ltd.**

SELLING AGENTS

Reserved Seats \$3 & \$2.50

Seven Hundred**Rush Tickets****One Dollar**

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

DAILY—Delivered in City, 44 per year.
By mail, per year, \$5.

SEMI-WEEKLY—Subscriptions per year
\$1. Subscriptions strictly in advance.

BULLETIN CO. Ltd.
DUNCAN MARSHALL,
Manager.

TUESDAY, MAY 8, 1906.

WILL SUSPEND PRODUCTION

Vancouver, May 7.—A deputation of Vancouver shingle manufacturers have returned from Seattle, where they agreed with the Puget Sound shingle men to close down for three months next winter in order to hold up the prices of shingles.

This agreement to suspend the production of shingles in the British Columbia mills can be defended neither by the claim that the price of shingles is or is likely to be forced below the point of profitable production, nor by the more commonly exhibited bug-bear that the American manufacturers are threatening or could threaten to invade the Western Canadian market and ruin the British Columbia industry by "slaughtering" surplus stocks in these markets. The British Columbia shingle makers are the gentlemen who a few months since informed the tariff commission that they can and do ship the product of their mills across or around the continent, pay freight and duty and compete with the American mills in the markets of the New England States. If the British Columbia men can and do invade the eastern American markets in this fashion it cannot with any pretence of regard for truth be contended either that the security of the Western Canadian Market or the price of shingles in this market is or can be affected by the American shingle manufacturers.

The real situation is that it is the Canadian and not the American shingle makers who dominate the industry on the Pacific Coast and who are now on the aggressive for the market beyond the boundary. This fact was admitted by the proclamation of the British Columbia manufacturers that they had invaded the New England markets. It was corroborated by the removal of the duty in order that British Columbia building supplies might be purchased as cheaply as possible for the rebuilding of San Francisco. It is further corroborated by the fact that the American mills with the enormous Frisco market before them accepted the "suspension" proposal. The action of the British Columbia shingle makers in proposing or consenting to suspend operations was therefore no defensive measure forced by existing or threatened economic or commercial conditions but the callous determination to suspend production in order to hold up the consumer.

There is in Canada a law against combines "in restraint of trade" under which this agreement of the shingle makers ought to come. Whether it does so legally may be a question, whether it ought to do so morally cannot be questioned. For if any commercial policy is calculated to restrain trade, surely the prevention of production is that policy, and if there is one industry in which more than others such policy will work powerfully for the restraint of trade in Canada that industry is the production of building material. The commercial activity in Canada today was engendered and is maintained by the development of the North West and whatever tends to discourage that settlement or to retard that development strikes as well at the manufacturers and wholesalers of Eastern Canada and at the transportation companies which effect the exchange of production between the west and the east. The first requirement of the western settler is building material and upon the ready supply and the price of this material must depend in a very considerable degree the rapidity of western settlement and development and in consequence the continuance of the general prosperity of the country. In agreeing to limit their supply of one class of building material for the expressed purpose of artificially maintaining the price the shingle-makers of British Columbia are placing a deterrent on western settlement which will directly and vitally "restrain" the general trade of the country.

THE LAND TITLES BILL

There was anticipated for the new Land Titles Act a fairly hostile reception from that section of the Alberta press which extends its chivalrous friendship to the great corporations holding land in Alberta and these expectations are apparently not to be disappointed. The assault on the new measure is very fittingly led by the Calgary Herald, which devotes something over a column to belittling the measure, castigating its author, and generally by implication and expression extolling the general and particular beneficence of one of the victimized corporations.

Just why the defence should be limited to only one of the unfortunates is not explained but such is the case. There were two corporations very immediately, very considerably and proportionately affected by the act, the C. P. R. and the H. B. Co. The former is singled out by the Herald as the luckless target for the Attorney-General's shaft, the latter is left to its fate, unwept, unhonored and unsung. The misfortune awakens no sympathy, the thumping in the agitated heart of the corporation defender. The Attorney-General may seek the H. B. Co. good and plenty, but hands off the C. P. R. Why this discrimination? Has the H. B. Co. sinned beyond its railway rival? Or is the Herald's purpose the defence of a particular corporation and not the opposition to the operations of the act as affecting corporations other than the C. P. R.?

However this be we are assured that the Herald considers it a "distinguishing trait of our fallen human nature" as conditioned in the West, that "anyone who undertakes to persuade the public of this country that they are the victims of a new C. P. R. hold-up is not likely to be long to lack a highly sympathetic audience." The latter quotation is dead right, for of all the corporations which have deserved and secured the public malediction the C. P. R. takes the bun. With the contention that this condition has been produced by "fallen nature" we are also disposed to agree—said fallen nature being exemplified in the record by which the company has achieved its reputation and in the journals which attempt to whitewash that record.

Argument being useless in such a cause the Herald resorts to parables and says:

Now what are the facts about the alleged hold-up? Hiram B. Brown, land holder, from Iowa, buys a quarter section from the C. P. R. and makes his first payment. William K. Smith, land speculator, from Kansas, buys out Brown's interest for five hundred dollars and immediately turns it over to Asa B. Robinson, prospective settler, from Nebraska, at a profit of another five. As the C. P. R. still holds a lien on the land of nine-tenths of the purchase price, to say nothing of the interest that company naturally takes in these transactions, the whole bunch of papers nearly always very badly and irregularly drawn up by the parties themselves, sometimes scarcely legible, are sent down to the C. P. R. land office in Winnipeg for registration. It was part of the original contract that agreements should be sent there. The C. P. R. for its own protection has to make searches in order to be sure the proceedings in the deal are valid, that for instance Hiram had not at the time forgotten to mention that little execution against his property, or had not inadvertently neglected to advise the other purchasers of the fact that he recently placed the whole of his belongings in his wife's name. That fleeting vision of those ten thousand dollars must have notified Mr. Cross that the number of these transactions was very considerable. Most people will perhaps, however, be surprised to learn that it is so considerable as to keep from twelve to fifteen clerks in the C. P. R. land office doing nothing else but attending to these assignments. For their work, which certainly tends as much to the protection of the individuals concerned in the transaction as to their own, the C. P. R. charged two dollars. It may console Mr. Cross to learn that it was only the balance of the four that Messrs. Tupper, Philpen and Tupper pouched for looking after the registration. To give the devil his due, surely Mr. Cross has been too liberal with his little pot of blackmail. This is not so very much of a hold-up, after all.

And if anybody is so foolish as to imagine that the C. P. R. is going to keep that baker's dozen of clerks making searches and hunting up entries without in some way or another getting somebody else, presumably in this case the individual chiefly interested in the deal, to help put up for their keep, they must be sanguine as to the average results of legislation as is our brand new set of legislators in our brand new capital.

The final conclusion of this imaginary transaction is: "It looks very much to the Herald as if the last state of Hiram B. Brown were going to be very considerably worse than the first."

If not, it ought to be. If the provisions of the new Act can be so operated, manipulated or amended as to kill land speculation in Alberta the necessary action should be taken at once. And in claiming that the effect of the Act will be to discourage such speculation the Herald is unintentionally advancing the strongest possible testimony to the beneficial tendency of the legislation.

The horrible possibility is held out that if the C. P. R. does not continue to employ a firm of Winnipeg lawyers and a staff of clerks in diligent supervision of the history of each parcel of land sold by them one purchaser of the land may be defrauded by another. Presuming that a man may legally encumber or bequeath what he has not paid for, no reason is advanced why all parties concerned cannot be adequately protected by the registration of the documents in the Government offices. The possession of land purchased from others than the C. P. R. rests on the documents registered with the Government, and there has been no excuse advanced why the security of land purchased from the C. P. R. should require other protection. To ask the C. P. R. to continue the fatherly but unnecessary trouble of maintaining an historical department would be an altogether unwarrantable trespass on the philanthropic disposition of that company, especially when by transferring the duty to the registry office the Provincial treasury will be enriched by the surplus income from the service.

ATHABASCA LANDING

Those who are under the impression that the land surrounding Athabasca Landing is not fit for agricultural purpose, should take a drive out to the settlement about five miles southwest of here and see some of the grain and hay grown on Mr. Willey's farm. The soil is productive and there is a beautiful stretch of level land with a rise in the distance. Here too the beaver has left traces of his ingenuity and skill in engineering, which would make a modern James Watt pause and think.

It is about two years since Mr. Willey settled on his farm and he has shown that he is no tenderfoot. Other residents of this new settlement are Messrs. McRae, Wood, Mellin and Hayes. There is also another settlement east of the Landing.

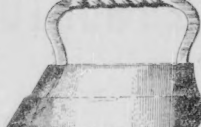
Mr. J. Fraser left per boat on Monday for Chipewyan.

Mr. W. Minns and son of Toronto, are looking over the farming land and are likely to become permanent residents. He is the guest of his nephew Mr. J. Minns.

Balls are quite in evidence in this locality, minus the powder and patches.

Mr. Lambert, manager for Revillon Bros., arrived from Edmonton on Friday evening accompanied by his bride. They will take up their residence on Strathcona avenue.

A pretty wedding took place in the R. C. church on Wednesday the 2nd, the contracting parties being Miss Marceline Lallou of this place and Mr. Pelix Caillat of St. Albert. Father Beaudry officiated.



Clothes Cleaned, Repaired
and Pressed at the

Edmonton

Pantorium

Phone 328

Saskatoon

Is going to
make as big
a city as
Winnipeg.

Saskatoon

is going to get as
many railways and
wholesale houses as
Winnipeg

Thousands of men and
horses are now arriving in

SASKATOON

to grade from that Metropolis of the Northwest, East and West for the G.T.P.R. and C.P.R. Buy property in

SASKATOON

today. Get some

RICHMOND PARK

lots while they are only \$150. Business lots only \$1250. For information and maps, see us.

The

W.S.WEEKS CO.

Edmonton and Saskatoon

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Edmonton's Popular Store

Edmonton's Popular Store

The

Manchester House

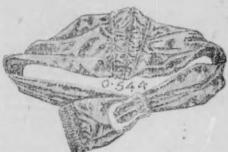
(ESTABLISHED 1886)

Some New Arrivals in Spring Goods

We just wish to call your attention to the many new arrivals in Spring Goods at the Manchester House. It is our ambition to keep our stock right up to date, and we think you will agree with us that it is the most complete stock in the city. Below we are going to tell you about a few of the new lines just received.

LADIES' SILK UNDERSKIRTS

Just received by express a line of the newest styles in Taffeta Silk Underskirts, colors, black, navy, sky blue, champagne, brown, pink and all white. These are nicely trimmed with rows, frills and are good value at \$7.50 each.



NEW BELTS

Just received from the manufacturer a splendid range of the new belts in spring styles. We are showing them in silk, kid and the fashionable ribbon. Prices up to \$1.50 each.

W. Johnstone Walker & Co.

NEW SILK GLOVES

The correct glove to wear with the new shirt sleeved blouses, colors sky blue, pink, Nile green, and yellow, per pair \$1.00.

NEW FANCY COLLARS

In lace, embroidery, silk and chiffon. We are showing a very complete range of styles and colors and all prices.

NEW RIBBONS

In taffeta and satin Duchesse, a full range of widths and colors, including all the new shades.

A SNAP IN CREAM LUSTRE BLOUSES

Just received one dozen cream lustre blouses, trimmed with rows of tucks back and front, new sleeves, these are very special value at \$1.50 each.

IN OUR SMALL WAIVES DEPARTMENT

We are showing a lot of new goods in belt buckles, clock supporters, side combs, etc.

FANCY PARASOLS

A nice range of fancy parasols in stock.

FORT SASKATCHEWAN

North Alberta

Twenty miles northeast of Edmonton on the Canadian Northern Railway.

1600 Free Homesteads

Within Only FORTY MILES, specially Suitable for Mixed Farming

IMPROVED FARMS \$8 TO \$30 PER ACRE

Good market for all produce, and base of supplies for farm implements and household stores.

Make your entries for Homesteads at the Dominion Land Office at Fort Saskatchewan.

For further particulars write

Sec.-Treas. Board of Trade,
Fort Saskatchewan

Interesting Furnishers

CALL AND SEE OUR NEW AND UP-TO-DATE LINE OF Furniture and Carpets. Rugs. Linoleums. Oilcloths. Window Shades. Cutlery. Crockery. Stoves and Ranges.

Our Prices are Right, and the only place in the City where you can procure these lines under one roof. Time is money, save it.

Show Rooms: Jasper Avenue, East.

Prompt Free Delivery

C. E. MORRIS, Prop.

Stage to Lac St. Anne

The stage will leave the Grandview Hotel on Tuesday and Friday evenings at 5 p.m. sharp for St. Albert, St. Peters, Noyes Crossing, Onaway and Lac Ste. Anne. Fare \$5.00 each person.

TIME TABLE

GOING EAST
Leave Lac Ste. Anne, 8:00 a.m. Mondays and Thursdays.
Leave Onaway, 10:30 a.m. Mondays and Thursdays.
Leave Noyes Crossing 1:30 p.m. Mondays and Thursdays.
Leave St. Albert, 3:00 a.m. Tuesdays and Fridays.

GOING WEST
Leave Edmonton 5 p.m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Leave St. Albert, 8:00 a.m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Leave Noyes Crossing 1:00 p.m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Leave Onaway 3:00 p.m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Arrangements are made at Lac Ste. Anne for taking parties to the Yellowhead Pass, Sturgeon Lake, and the Rocky Mountains. For further information apply to

THE WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO.

LAC ST. ANNE

Ice, Ice, Ice

Are you hot? Then use us to get cooled off. Are you cool? Then keep cool by using ice. Ring up Phone 323, or drop post card to Box 235.

Daily Delivery Begins May 1st

EDMONTON ICE CO.

R. SIMPSON, Mgr.

JUST ARRIVED

Just Arrived From Europe—Easter Eggs, Chickens and Eggs. Nestle's Fancy Baskets with Eggs. Just imported from Paris.

Imported Seeds—Flower Seeds. Vegetable Seeds. Warranted from the last crop.

Jewellery and Fancy Goods—Just imported from France, England, Switzerland and from the East.

R. LEMARCHAND

Opposite Hudson's Bay Store

Pasture for Horses and Cattle

The Edmonton Pasture Co. will take horses and cattle for pasture on and after May 10th. Plenty of good grass and water.

CONNELL & CAMPBELL

BOYLE ST., CITY

PHONE 40. P. O. BOX 611

Beauty Chats

It need not cost you a large amount to beautify your home.

We can suggest color schemes for your different rooms and paint which will simple and inexpensive will be very nice in effect.

Consult us and we will be pleased to make estimates on paint and paper work.

"The Paint Shop with the Cheap Wall Paper"

John C. McDonald

Jasper Avenue, next Bank of Commerce

Job Printer Wanted

at once at Bulletin Office
EDMONTON

Dickson & Co.

Here are Some
Snaps

\$1200—6-room frame house, brick foundation, lathed and plastered. Close in.

\$1875 Lot on Sixth street west, south of Jasper.

2000 acres of scrip at \$5.00 an acre. \$5000 each, a lot opposite Richelieu Hotel, on Third street. Balance of payments over three years.

\$1500—Blacksmith shop and lot, close in.

\$2500 Lot on Eighth street west, south of track.

\$400—Shack and lot on Rose' flat. Boy to show property.

\$1050, Lot on Fifth street west, south of Jasper.

DICKSON & CO.
Jasper Ave. Over 99c Store

Open till 10 p.m. Next door to Blowey's. Walk upstairs. Phone 448

EDMONTON COMMISSION CO.

Grain, Stocks, and Provisions
Bought and Sold on Margin

SPECIAL WIRE SERVICE
Office opp. Norwood Bldg., Jasper Avenue. Phone 478

The Exchange Mart Company,

EDMONTON.

Next to Grand View Hotel. Phone 400.

At the above place you may sell almost everything you may have to dispose of. You may obtain cash or leave your property for sale on commission, or obtain an immediate loan to tide you over that little embarrassment. It matters not what the property consists of, whether household effects, farm implements, gold, silver, plate, china, pictures, books, furs, buggies, wagons, harness, curtains, sewing machines, musical instruments, guns, revolvers, silks or jewellery. If the article possesses a value and you wish to sell, ask the Exchange Mart its value. Whether they buy or not they will tell you. If you are leaving the city you may sell at a few hours' notice the entire outfit for spot cash, or the Mart will sell your effects by auction on your own premises.

MOFFAT & McCOPPEN

UNDERTAKERS

JASPER AVE. 3 Doors East of Imperial Bank PHONE 414



Are designed to give the greatest freedom of action and general comfort.

They are well and strongly made, look natty, and come in hundreds of printed fancy weaves.

In summer weather they are very comfortable and quite the correct thing for business and general wear.

Careful dressers for more than a quarter century have always demanded Tooke Shirts.

TOOKE BROTHERS, Limited,

MONTREAL.

904

Mr. Foster's False Representations

Ottawa, May 1.—Hon. Mr. Oliver, in presenting a return to parliament to-day, said that he was in error yesterday in saying that ten typewriters were engaged on it. He ought to have said 56 typewriters.

Mr. H. H. Miller (South Grey) resumed the debate on the North Atlantic Trading Co. Referring to Mr. Foster's speech he said that he never listened to a fouler speech. The speech of Mr. Foster was not a Siftonian one. It was an ill-fated and poorly nourished child of a foster father.

Mr. Lake (Qu'Appelle), who followed, had nothing to say against the immigrants from the United States, but he objected to the money spent in bringing them.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier went fully into the contract and dissected the speech of the member for Toronto, paragraph by paragraph, showing that Mr. Foster's resolution was imprudent, injurious and absurd, and that his speech was clothed in ignorance of the subject and full of untruth. The premier said that he followed the debate closely from the beginning. He tried to form a correct impression of the facts and arguments brought forward in support of the motion. The most extraordinary feature of Mr. Foster's speech was its incredible levity. In his desire to create a scandal and throw dirt at his opponents, Mr. Foster ignored the facts and brought forth an indictment which had no foundation in fact. If the contract was open to attack, it was not Mr. Foster that should do it. The only mistake of what Foster called "Siftonism" was that it contained the "Fosterism" of former days as far as the principle of this contract was concerned. There was nothing in the contract that was invented by Mr. Sifton. The same system was carried on by the Conservatives. What Mr. Sifton did was to put more energy and enthusiasm into a system that was in vogue with the Conservatives. In the territory which was covered by this contract there have been no agents for 30 years. The only difference in dealing with this territory now and formerly was that instead of dealing directly with the booking agents, the department dealt with one responsible company. On account of the peculiar laws that existed in these countries, Canada could not keep an agent there.

In 1873 the government of Ontario sent John Dyke to Germany to advocate immigration. Dyke for doing this was put in jail. It was only through Lord Russell, the Imperial ambassador, at Germany, that Dyke was liberated. Yet Dyke committed no breach of the laws. It took weeks before Dyke was given his freedom. There is no habeas corpus act in these countries. Under such circumstances it was no wonder that the government resorted to booking agents. That system was continued until 1896 and was in existence when Mr. Sifton took office. In 1899 a responsible firm was dealt with instead of the booking agents. The premier read the contract. It was signed by Preston on the one hand and by the North Atlantic Trading Co. on the other. In 1904 the minister of the interior insisted that instead of dealing with a company by name the contract should be signed by the manager and secretary.

Sir Wilfrid said that Mr. Foster charged the department with going into the contract without the authority and knowledge of parliament. Was that true or not? It was not true. He regretted that Mr. Foster was not in his place as he wanted to debate the question with him, because over and over again Mr. Foster said the contract was concealed from parliament.

Calgary Family's Experience
Calgary, Alberta: H. Pierce with his wife and young son arrived in Calgary from San Francisco two days ago. They had resided there for three years and were in the California metropolis during all the days of the earthquake and fire and for a week afterward. The immediate cause of their departure was the danger of an outbreak of smallpox. There were cases of the dread disease in the city before the disaster and of course there was no way of keeping track of the patients.

Mr. and Mrs. Pierce are young and hopeful and take a more light-hearted view of their experiences. Their house was away from the centre of the city, where the great loss of life occurred and the keenest distress was felt, and after the first terror and anxiety was over, they and their neighbors enjoyed picnicking in the open air. Mr. Pierce said he never had a better time in his life. It was a wonderful spectacle to have witnessed.

Mr. Pierce gave the Albertan an interesting account of those exciting few days with the assistance of Mrs. Pierce.

"We were all awakened by the first great shock. Mrs. Pierce managed to leap out of bed, while I had all I could do to keep in the bed. Our little son clung to me screaming with fright. It lasted a minute and a half, which seemed an age. The house shook back and forth a foot each way. It got worse and worse and the last great shake was the worst. The racket was deafening. We could not hear each other speak."

something observed in the auditor-general's report. It was a harsh thing to say that there was not a word of truth in the statement, and it seems almost incredible that a man in his position should make such a statement.

Sir Wilfrid then read from the annual report of the interior department of 1901-02, a report of Mr. Smart dealing with the contract and afterwards giving it in full. Mr. Foster had said there was no appropriation, yet the expenditure was given every year in the auditor-general's report. "And can it be possible," asked Sir Wilfrid, "that this is the method we have to take to fight our battles? Is it by falsehood and slander that we are to be attacked? Is it ignorance or deception? If ignorance it is gross ignorance, and if deception it is gross deception."

The speech of Mr. Foster contradicted his own statement, since he said that "the finance minister had checked out \$296,569 for this company." "Again Mr. Foster said that one million dollars was spent for this company. That meant that 200,000 immigrants were sent to this country. Economists put a value of \$1000 on each immigrant. So that this was a value of \$200,000,000 to Canada."

There was nothing peculiar in giving a certain territory to this company to look after and to give them the benefit of whatever were sent from there. The system was done in other businesses. Newspapers did the same thing. The argument that when the government made a contract with a company it should get a list of the shareholders was not a reasonable one. Who ever heard of the shareholders being responsible and not the officers of the company. Mr. Foster's charge that the contract discriminated against British was not true. It may have been made to raise prejudices. But the result of the immigration propaganda shows that the continental immigration costs \$1.72 per head and the British \$4.64.

Ten years ago before Mr. Sifton had inaugurated his energetic immigration policy, the people did not know where Canada was. He approved of the minister of the interior cancelling the contract. The minister of the interior was new in the department and wanted to go cautiously. He could either renew the contract or make a new one. The secretary of the company in the first instance was to permit them carrying on their work effectively. An honest contract might be dishonestly carried out. That does not follow it is a dishonest contract. "Anyone," said Sir Wilfrid, "can impugn this contract, but if the honorable gentlemen of the opposition believe or insinuate that there is anyone behind this contract then in the name of everything that is sacred let them come out with their accusations and I tell them here that no mercy shall be shown to the offenders. They will have every opportunity, they will have every facility in order to make good their thoughts, their beliefs and suspicions. The opposition could not be serious in wanting to put an end to the immigration policy. Canada was alongside of a most aggressive country and could not give up its immigration policy. Canada was proud of its resources and naturally so, but what would these resources be worth unless one had the hands and capital to work them."

In conclusion Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that Mr. Foster had included him (Sir Wilfrid) in getting a share of the dirt which he had been throwing. "As the member for North Toronto is not in his seat," said Sir Wilfrid, "I defer what I have to say to him for a future occasion. It will keep."

The plaster in the room came clattering down and all brick-a-brac and small articles were dashed to the ground."

Mrs. Pierce said, "I had no sensations whatever. I simply had an instinct to get to my feet." Mr. Pierce said, "the feeling at first was just to wait, that it would be over directly, but when it lasted half a minute and kept getting worse, you felt as if it was never going to stop."

"It stopped suddenly and there was a blank stillness. Then everyone ran to the street just as they were. One young man in the house we live in was unable to sleep except in a state of nature. He ran out without thinking just as he was. I met him in the hall and thought he had on a tight suit of underwear. When we got to the street I saw my mistake. It will take him some time to live it down. Hundreds of us lined up on the streets shivering. As there were no more shocks immediately we went back and dressed. Even then we could see the smoke of fires in the city."

"One curious effect of the earthquake was that all the folding beds shut up, imprisoning their occupants. Some were painfully hurt. One woman in the house we lived in was crushed under a book case and seriously hurt. A piano was hurled half way across the room and a large furnace was turned completely around."

We filled the bath and such tubs as we had with water and Mrs. Pierce bought an extra supply of bread. There were occasional light shocks to keep us nervous. I went down town to see what was going

on. The destruction was awful. People were running back and forth shrieking that the end of the world had come. The fire was already reaching the homes of the people and the exodus had begun. There were some queer costumes. Some had half their wardrobe on, others not much of anything. It seems curious now to think of mature women walking along completely dressed in men's clothes, hats, coats, trousers, but at the time everything was taken as a matter of course.

"I did not see any of the shooting affairs, though we often heard shots. But I did see police keeping men out of the fire-lines and when they resisted they were clubbed into insubordination and allowed to lie where they fell. The automobiles were a godsend. They provided the only rapid means of transportation and darted through the streets each with an officer in charge. A newspaper printed on one side of a single sheet was got out at ten o'clock. It sold in the streets for twenty-five cents a copy."

"That night we camped in the yard. Nobody got any sleep. The fire was six miles long and it was bright as day. Refugees from the city began to straggle past the house. Every now and then one would stop and talk. The wildest rumors were brought up from the city. It was said that Denver, New York, Chicago, practically all the cities on the continent were ruined and in flames. The havoc surrounding us was such that we could readily believe it. Others said that a gang of roughs were working up town, and plundering on the way, but fortunately they never showed up."

Mrs. Pierce took up the story at this point and described the people who came straggling up to the Golden Gate park next day. It cost fifty dollars to get a rig to haul their furniture and few could afford it. Many poor little piles of furniture which had been carried into the street had to be left there, to be licked up by the flames. They brought their boxes and their belongings in every kind of little cart. Sometimes they were just tied to boards and were dragged for miles through the streets. I saw several who were dragging their iron beds over the pavement on the castors, all the bedding and pillows in place. These they had dragged all the way across the city and they slept on them under the trees in the park."

"On the day after the fire the food distribution got under way. If you saw a crowd gathering you ran and got your share. Next to me in the line stood a woman with an automobile coat that must have cost a hundred and fifty dollars. She had to stand her turn like the rest. They

(Continued on Page 8.)

Store Opens
8.00 a.m. Daily

REVILLON'S DAILY STORE NEWS

Store Closes
10 p.m. To-day

Corset Value

is to be had in the new

W. B. Nuform

made of very fine Coutil, trimmed with lace, high at the bust, and designed to reduce the lines of the hips and abdomen. Sizes 20 to 30 inches

\$1.75 to \$2.25

Neckwear

shipment just to hand, latest styles.

Fancy Chiffon Collars, 35c to \$2.00

Beautiful Lace Collars, Lace and Chiffon Scarves, Lace Collars and Sets, from 75c up

Every description of Wash Neckwear, 35c up

DRESS GOODS

44 inch

Mohairs and Sicilians

just arrived, and are certainly the swellest material this season, in small checks and soft, dainty tints from

\$1 pr yd, upwards

Beautiful Shades in Purple

in Henrietta, Broadcloth, and Amazons; unquestionably the most beautiful selection that we have ever shown

New Dress Silks

most desirable in every detail, a large, well assorted stock in Figured Checks and Stripes; and further, the price is right

Ask to See Them

Hammocks

The House Furnishing Department can supply all your needs.

We have them in all sizes and colors with or without Flounce. Prices from

75c to \$7.00

Upholstering Material

in French and American designs, in All Silk, Silk and Linen, Mercerized Cotton Tapestries, 50 in. wide price

Price 50c to \$3.65 yd.

A Wide Range and Splendid Selection of Trimmings

This Ad. is Changed Every Day

QUALITY always wins in the long run—that is why our Teas and Coffees are coming to the front as the favorites—they are good in quality and flavor and please the taste

TRY OUR ENGLISH BREAKFAST 40c TEA

REED'S STORE.

Corner of Jasper and Second Street
PHONE 365

REEDS COFFEES

FIRST STREET

is always bound to be good property, and we have some snaps on our list that will net you a handsome profit in a short time.

50 ft. on First, block north of Jasper, \$230 per ft.

100 ft. four blocks north C.N.R., only \$2400; terms

50 ft. on Third, block north C.N.R., \$2500; 1-2 cash

50 ft. on Second, block north C.N.R., \$2100; 1-2 cash

We also have a good buy in Block 6 on Jasper. Don't fail to see our list of Residential Lots

JOHN ROSS & CO.



W. A. HAZLETT

Select Family Grocer

has just received a fresh consignment of Swift's Celebrated hams and Bacon, lean and tender, selling by the piece or sliced.

My Grocery Stock is now complete. Free delivery to all parts of the city.

W. A. HAZLETT

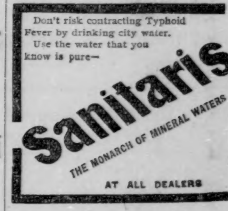
Jasper Avenue

Lawns, Gardens; Cellars Excavated

and all kinds of Gardening Work. Trees pruned, planted and taken care of.

E. CLARK & O'NEIL

Edmonton P.O.



J. B. MERCER, Agent, Edmonton.

GO TO "IT."

I SEE A LIVING IN "IT."

FORT SASKATCHEWAN IS "IT"

"IT" IS GROWING RAPIDLY.

"IT" IS A BEAUTIFUL TOWNSITE.

"IT" IS THE TOWN FOR "YOU"

to invest in. Lots 50 x 150. Prices run from \$25.00 each upwards. Situated from five to seven minutes' walk from the Railway Station. School and Churches.

A BARGAIN.

320 Acres of Land 22 miles due east of Edmonton per acre; half cash, balance 1 and 2 years. **\$5.50**

F. FRASER TIMS, Opposite Post Office, Edmonton.

or d'EASUM & MOUNT, Fort Saskatchewan.

J. B. WALKER & CO.,

Insurance and Financial Agents

Fire Insurance Policies Issued for Large Amounts at Lowest Rates.

MONEY TO LOAN

Office 22 NORWOOD BLDG.,

Phone 470

P. O. Box 359

THE PETERS DOUBLE CYLINDER FORCE PUMPS



It is the most perfect working pump on the market, a 4 year old child can easily operate the pumps at a depth of 50 feet.

We keep it three sizes, two and a half and three inch cylinders for one and quarter inch pipe and three and a half inch cylinders for one and half inch pipe. We are the sole agents for these pumps in this vicinity.

Ross Brothers, Limited,
Direct Importers.



Take a look at our window display for something extra special in Bags and Suit Cases. These are a line of samples which we bought (no two alike), and nothing like them ever came to Edmonton before, and there is nothing better shown in any Eastern or American city; in fact, there is nothing better made. Very suitable for Wedding Presents. Come and see them.

The Great West Saddlery Co., Ltd.

Money to Loan

A Large Amount of Private Funds to Loan. Current Rates of Interest. No delay.

Wallbridge & McDonald
Advocates, Edmonton

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.
The great Uterine Tonic, and only safe efficient Monthly Regulator on which women can depend. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, \$1; No. 2, 50 cents; No. 3, 25 cents. For special cases, \$5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly W. S. Cook)



Secure a Home Now

Don't wait until the best part of life is gone. Permits to be of assistance. Consult our list or

Real Estate for Sale

and select that piece which seems suitable. Terms of payment can be arranged. If you have property you wish to sell, list it with us, we can sell it for you.

E. J. Taylor & Co.,

Corner of Jasper and McDougall Aves

DEACON ORDAINED FOR NORTH-ERN WORK.

Athabasca Landing, May 3.—The neat little Anglican church was the scene last Sunday of an interesting, and for this place unusual, event—the ordination of a young man to the office of deacon.

At eleven o'clock the Bishop, dressed in his episcopal robes and preceded by the candidate, Mr. H. R. Winch, and the Rev. W. S. Williams, entered the church and took his seat within the communion rails. The ordinary morning service was somewhat shortened and was read by Rev. Mr. Williams. There were special Psalms and also a special lesson, which was read by Mr. G. W. Fisher, who has just recently come out from the old country to be the Bishop's assistant. An eloquent sermon on the text Romans 1, 16, was preached by Mr. Williams, who referred to the nature of the work among the Indians at the remote post, Fort Norman, to which Mr. Winch is going. After the sermon, in the absence of the Archdeacon, Mr. Williams presented the candidate to the Bishop, who commending him to the prayers of the congregation, said the Litany and the Anti-Communion service, and after the usual questions had been put and answered Mr. Winch was solemnly ordained and admitted to the deaconate. Holy communion was afterward administered by the Bishop to the clergy, and such of the congregation as were present. There was a good attendance at both morning and evening service. In the morning the newly ordained clergyman preached upon Phil. 11-9. In the morning the offertory was taken for the clergy widow and orphan fund. Miss Reeve presided at the organ at both services.

The Bishop is about to visit the missions in the Peace River and Mackenzie river districts, and will not be back until about the end of August. There is talk of an appeal being made for a memorial church in memory of the Bishop's wife, who died so suddenly a short time ago, and of the late Bishop Young, who formerly presided over this diocese.

The Edmonton Landscape Gardner

Is now ready to take orders for the building of lawns and the beautifying of all residential property, such as the laying of walks, the formation of shrub beds. All orders will receive prompt attention and any information gladly given. Address, Clara street east of Kinslino avenue, E. U. Fowler, fourth house, Edmonton P.O.

COMPETITION NOT DANGEROUS.

A Washington dispatch says: It is hardly likely that Manchuria, notwithstanding its great agricultural possibilities, will soon be a formidable competitor with the rest of the world, so far as agricultural products are concerned.

A recent report from Consul-General Sammons, stationed at Niu-Chwang, says that while Manchuria is an ideal farming country, modern agricultural implements are practically unknown. Cheap coolie labor and the love of old methods are holding the country back, and will continue to do so indefinitely. A few extracts from the consul-general's report will be of interest in all parts of the country which are doing, or hope to do, an export trade with China.

American farm implements can be used in Manchuria, and no doubt in due time will find a market here. The extensive method of farming of the Dakotas may ultimately obtain in suitable sections of Manchuria, especially where the raising of wheat will prove profitable; but for the present, the small farm with an indefinitely small, or income, is by far the most popular.

A modern plow was brought here a few years ago for introduction, but the natives could not be induced to use it. Their method of turning over the soil with a small cast-iron plow, resembling a toy pattern of an American corn hiller, or with a fork, hung like a hoe, was more acceptable. Forks weighing four pounds each, used for loosening or turning the soil, made with three heavy wrought iron tires from scrap iron by a native blacksmith, sell at 50 cents gold. The handle costs 10 cents gold additional.

A perambulating village blacksmith goes about in the early springmaking implements for the farmers. The plows differ in design in the various localities, and are only sufficient to scratch the surface of the soil. In the northern part of Manchuria, where wheat is raised extensively, a larger plow, capable of turning more soil, is used. The perambulating blacksmith has a fully equipped outfit, including anvil, bellows, etc., which he transports by the help of an assistant, who also helps at the anvil.

It was the intention of Russia, had she been victorious in the recent war, to develop Manchuria and make it the bread basket of the Far East, a designation to which it could make itself entitled by reason of the richness of its climate. No doubt Japan will co-operate with China to a similar end, but it is apparent from what Mr. Sammons says, that the day is far distant when Manchuria will be a formidable rival of any of the great countries of the world which export foodstuffs.

BATTLEFORD FORGING AHEAD

Winnipeg Free Press: The arrival of new settlers at Battleford amounts to a rush which for magnitude eclipses anything during the past few years in the district. The prairie about this town is dotted with tents, the hotels are full, while from the opening hour until the closing the Dominion land office is besieged with homesteaders who have to line up and patiently wait their turn to file entries.

This is the statement of P. H. Clark, who with P. W. Jones and C. A. Leader, are at the Leland hotel on business connected with the establishment of two extensive enterprises at the historic town. Messrs. Clark and Jones are two of the best known hotel men in Saskatchewan and are the owners of the Red Bear lake ranch. Mr. Leader was formerly of Saskatoon, but about a year ago he removed to Battleford and now with Messrs. Clark and Jones has built a three-story business block in which he has opened a general store and a wholesale liquor store, while the Bank of British North America has established a branch in the block.

"Every train," says Mr. Clark, "brings in large crowds and in one day 375 new-comers were fed at the Albion hotel. Before the month of April had drawn to a close 1,400 homestead entries had been filed while the number being filed daily showed no signs of decreasing."

In consequence of the tremendous settlement going on in this district

the town is experiencing a rapid advance in the price of lands. As a sample of what is really doing in this regard I might tell you of my own case. Three years ago I bought the Albion hotel for \$2,000 and with A. Champagne, now M. P. P. for the town, sold it a year ago for \$10,000, to Thompson & Graves. Last November Mr. Jones and I repurchased it at \$12,000, and in February we sold it back to Thompson for \$17,000.

"All the property in the town is on about the same basis and corner lots that could have been purchased very cheaply a few years ago are now selling at \$1,000. There are no lots to be had in the town under \$150. The old historic settlement that was chiefly known through its being a military centre in 1885 is becoming obliterated and hardware, implements and general stores are being opened."

"Seeding is completed, so far as the wheat is concerned, and it is estimated that the area covered is fully 50 per cent. greater than that of last year. Breaking is going on extensively on all sides."

"This spring 500 settlers are to land at the Catholic settlement known as St. Joseph's colony, and things are moving rapidly in that vicinity. Six months ago land adjoining the colony was selling for \$5 per acre and today M. J. Kane, of the Kane Land Co., of Winnipeg, showed me where he offered \$11 per acre for an entire township and was refused. He sold the same land for \$5 per acre not long ago."

"One of the reasons for the rush of homesteaders to that particular point is the superior quality of the soil and the fact that it has but lately been opened up and given transportation facilities. The new homestead regulations which went into force on April 17, gives new-comers a better opportunity to get good land, so every man who files or has filed an entry must be on his homestead nine months or it will be cancelled without notice. There are many choice sections entered for now which will be cancelled and as no more proxy entries can be made the man on the spot will have an excellent chance. Opportunities are thus better than they were a year ago and the price of land has jumped to about \$150 per acre."

While in Winnipeg Messrs. Jones and Clark said "Hugh Scott" a trotter with a reputation in the Territories, to Mr. Kenny of the Royal Oak hotel for 1906.

ANOTHER FRISCO DISASTER STORY

Vancouver World: Mrs. Darnley and her two sons, former residents of Vancouver, and now returned to the city, destitute refugees from San Francisco, where they lost a comfortable home and all means of subsistence, tell a graphic tale of incidents as seen by them during and after the great disaster. Their own personal experiences were pretty much the same as have been told by all returning residents of the city, and they agree thoroughly with the statement that news is being deliberately suppressed. Regarding the shooting of soldiers, Mrs. Darnley herself saw two cases. In one she saw a young man, well known to her, shot dead while bending over the dead body of his mother. The soldier who did the shooting explained that the same day a man found under exactly similar circumstances, had been caught actually chewing the diamond earrings out of the ears of a corpse. Mrs. Darnley also saw an old lady who, dead by a young soldier because she refused to put out a fire when ordered to do so. The husband of the same woman was shot for the same offence. Mr. Will Darnley states that he saw four young ruffians who got among the corpses laid out on Union square and shammed dead in order to get a chance to loot the bodies of jewelry. They were noticed and a detachment of militia bayoneted and shot the four to pieces. With his own eyes Mr. Darnley saw another ruffian shot at the corner of Market and Seventh who, with a companion, was justling the passersby when ordered to stop. They continued the disturbances, so the soldiers fired, killing one and wounding the other.

SIFTON'S REPLY.

Ottawa, May 2.—Hon. Clifford Sifton was in his seat in the House to-day. He has been at the Bahamas a long while with Mrs. Sifton and arrived home this morning. He took his first opportunity of giving an emphatic, positive and clear denial of the insinuation and innuendoes which Mr. Foster in his occupation of mud-throwing had directed towards him. When Mr. Sifton made his explanation amid the cheers of the Liberals, the Opposition had not a word to say in reply.

On rising Hon. Clifford Sifton said: "I desire with the permission of the House to say one or two words on a question of privilege. In doing so I shall, of course, endeavor not to trespass upon any rule of the House which is fairly well understood regarding references to past debates. I am informed that statements were made by the mover of the resolution which indicated a desire to create the impression upon members of this House and the public that some improper relations existed between myself, when Minister of the Crown, and the North Atlantic Trading Co. My purpose in rising to my feet to-day is to give the most emphatic, the most unqualified denial to that statement. There is no justification for such insinuations. Those who made these statements could not possibly have had any justification whatever for making them. I have never had any relations with the North Atlantic Trading Company except such relations as appear in the contract which has been officially entered into. No person on my behalf or on my authority has had any relations with any person on behalf of the company or any of its numerous stockholders, agencies, or any person acting for the company directly or indirectly, in any shape, form or manner. I have used, Mr. Speaker, the most general terms that I know how to use but if there are any terms or if there is any more sweeping, comprehensive form in which any member of the House can suggest that this denial should be put, I desire to be understood as using those terms."



Coat Shirt

The easy shirt.

Easy to fit—easy to put on and off—like a coat.

Strongly stitched, overlapped seams.

Look well, wear well, feel well.

Dress and business styles, white and colored.

Makers, Berlin, Canada

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

The only safe effective medicine on which women can depend. Sold in two degrees of strength—No. 1, for ordinary cases, \$1 per box; No. 2, for cross and chronic cases, \$5 per box. Sold by all druggists. Ask for Cook's Cotton Root Compound; take no substitutes.

THE MOLSONS BANK

INCORPORATED 1855.

HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL.

CAPITAL PAID UP	\$3,000,000
RESERVE FUND	3,000,000

Wm. Molson Macpherson, President. S. H. Ewing, Vice-President.
James Elliot, General Manager.
A. D. Durnford, Chief Inspector and Superintendent of Branches.
W. H. Draper, Inspector.
W. W. L. Chipman, Assistant Inspector.
J. H. Campbell, Assistant Inspector.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN ALL PARTS OF THE DOMINION.
Exchange bought and sold in all parts of the world.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Interest at highest current rates.

EDMONTON BRANCH: Opposite Revillon Bros

G. W. SWAISLAND - - - MANAGER.

Cannell & Spencer Construction Co., Ltd

REAL ESTATE

FARMS AND SUBURBAN PROPERTY.

List Your Property with us and get double quick results.

Offices on First Street, Two Doors North of Jasper

LIME LIME LIME

THE CROW'S NEST LIME CO.

of Blairmore, Alberta, has a daily capacity of 600 bushels. Prices to defy all competition. Try a car

EASTWOOD

SPLendid HIGH LAND ADJOINING EAST END CITY PARK AND CITY BOUNDARY

Portion of this Property has been subdivided into Lots 50 x 150. Desirable Frontages on Fort Saskatchewan Trail
Prices from \$90.00 Up. Terms: One-Fourth Cash; Balance in Six, Twelve and Eighteen Months.

BUSES TO TAKE OUT INTENDING PURCHASERS

Apply **JAMES McDONALD**

KILLEN & GILBERT

LADIES' UNDERWEAR

We are showing a Large Range of Ladies' Underwear at Very Low Prices.

Ladies' Summer Vests in white, with or without sleeves at . . . 10c

A nice range of Vests in white, lace trimmed, short or long sleeves . . . 15c

Summer Vests, lace yoke short sleeves, nice fine rib, perfect fitting . . . 25c

Ladies' Fancy open neck Lisle Vests, lace trimmed work without sleeves 40c

Ladies' Summer Vests, natural wool, short sleeves, extra good value at . . . 60c

Silk Crochet Vests, nice summer weight, without sleeves in pink, black and white, \$2

A range of Ladies' Knitted Drawers at 30c 35c, 50c and 75c per pair

J. H. MORRIS & CO.



Through Solid Trains

Between

EDMONTON

AND

WINNIPEG

Via the Short Line

Through First-class Sleepers. Dining Cars Serving Meals a la Carte. Fares Reduced Between Edmonton and Winnipeg and other Stations in Manitoba

Trains leave Edmonton Daily, except Friday, at 7.15 p.m., arrive at Winnipeg Daily, except Sunday, at 12.30 noon. Leave Winnipeg Daily, except Sunday at 8 a.m., arrive Edmonton Daily, except Monday, 10.15 p.m.

TICKET OFFICE:

At New C. N. R. Depot. Phone 379.
Further information furnished by the Agent.

THE STORY OF AN ACCIDENT

Edmonton, Alta., March 10, 1906.

The Empire Accident and Surety Co.,
London.

Gentlemen—I hereby acknowledge the receipt of your check for \$50.00 from your agent, F. A. AYLMER, being an amount of indemnity claimed by me for an injury to my foot received last month.

The claim was forwarded to you less than two weeks ago, and I wish to thank you for the prompt settlement of the same—Yours truly,
(Signed) R. R. CRONN.

Mr. Crohn met with the accident on February 9th, and the claim was received at the Company's Head Office, March 5th, 1906, for two weeks' indemnity. Cheque was issued for above amount same day, and received in Edmonton by Mr. Crohn on Saturday evening.

The Empire Accident and Surety Co.

Of London, issues the Most Up-to-Date Accident and Sickness Policies

Everything of the Best Quality at

Campbell's New Bakery and Confectionery and High Class Grocery

Choicest Home-made Bread a Specialty. Fresh Pastry Daily
Ice-cream Parlor in Connection

Chas. W. Campbell -:- Jasper Avenue
Douglas Book Store Old Stard

The Best Edmonton Coal

FURNACE AND STOVE

Unsurpassed for domestic and steam purposes.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Prompt Delivery.

The Mays Coal Co., Limited,

Phone 151

Box 246

Office Main Street

WITTE'S SUCCESSOR.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—The official announcement that Premier Witte's resignation has been accepted, with the statement that former Minister of the Interior Gorenkyin would succeed him, was made today. M. Gorenkyin's elevation to the premiership created amazement. He is not only regarded as a reactionary, but the general opinion is that he is not equal to the task of facing the coming crisis.

Count Witte's retirement from public life is complete, as there now is no question of his appointment as president of the council of the empire. He again will assume the role of a spectator of the great events which are transpiring, returning to private life, from which he was summoned last summer to negotiate the peace at Portsmouth.

The work of removing his furniture from the annex of the winter palace back to his old residence has begun. Reasons of health are assigned for his retirement, but it must be accepted as a victory for reactionaries at court. Count Witte simply served the emperor's purpose as a barrier between him and the people during the trying days of the revolution, and now that the uprising is suppressed, and the treasury again replenished, the count has been dismissed.

M. Gorenkyin, the new premier, was exposed in 1899, and since then has been the reigning premier's understudy. At the time the former minister of the interior made a report to the emperor to the effect that the stories of famine and suffering which were said to exist in certain provinces were untrue, M. Witte, then minister of finance, produced documents to show that the conditions in the interior were as they had been represented. When the emperor confronted M. Gorenkyin with this, he is said to have fallen on his knees and begged for mercy. The minister was so overcome that the emperor himself brought him a glass of water. Later Gorenkyin took part in the Von Plehve cabal which drove M. Witte from the ministry of finance in 1903.

M. Gorenkyin is reported to be a mediocre man of insignificant appearance as well as capacity. He wears side whiskers like an English butler. For some time past he has been called a Liberal.

ATHABASCA LANDING SCHOOL REPORT

Athabasca Landing, May 3.—Athabasca Landing school report for month of April. Average attendance 25; percentage of attendance 69.

IV. Class—Arithmetic 67; grammar 62; literature 56; history 75.

Pupils names in following classes in order of merit.

III. Class—Johnnie McKinley, Melvin McKernan, Sterling McKinley, Christie McLeod, Louise Brown.

II. Class—Alice McKernan, Rosalind Goulet.

Mr. L. Class—Auld Willey, Archie McKinley, George Gullion, Florence Norris, Maggie Dumont, Flora Brown, Henry McLeod.

First Class Part A.—Mary Chalfour, Pannie Arneault, Florence Goulet, Amelia St. Arnaud, Alvin Norris, Stanley McKernan, Charlie Gagnon, Ellen McKinley, Delphine Paquette, Joe Chalfour, Maria Brazeau, Edward Brazeau, Maggie Villeneuve, Adeline Plishe.

First Class Part B.—Alexandra Goulet, Agnes McDonald, Harry Minna, Joe McLeod, Marian Minna, Louis Goulet, Georgina Villeneuve.

BOATS BUILDING AT THE LANDING

Athabasca Landing, May 3.—The river front presents the appearance of a veritable ship-yard and the clang of the hammer resounds in the air from 7 a.m. until 6 p.m. There are some forty boats in course of construction. These cost from \$110 to \$350; the York boats being the more expensive. The boats are utilized by the owners to carry freight north to the different company's or individual owner's ponds and when they reach their destination are seldom brought back.

Captain Barber of Winnipeg is having the machinery installed in his new steamboat "the Northern Light" to use, the engines have been placed and the boiler for the vessel has arrived. It was enclosed in a huge wooden roller, similar in appearance, except in size, to an ordinary land-roller, it was bound together by bands half an inch thick and three inches wide, and drawn in this way by horses from Edmonton, a distance of about one hundred miles.

Mr. Hebert Perron, of St. Albert, who opened up a flour and feed store here some time ago under the management of Mr. Loiseau is now opening up a general dry goods and grocery store on Lichfield street.

STRENUOUS JOURNALISM

(Calgary Herald)

"It (the Herald) has defended every other crooked deal in local history." This statement, made in the editorial columns of a morning paper yesterday, is a lie, and the man who wrote it is a liar.

NO STAR CHAMBER WANTED.

(Strathcona Plaindealer.)

The movement on the part of the Edmonton city council to have their charter amended to permit them to hold secret sessions, excluding the public and the press whenever they see fit to do so is something which should be dealt with manfully by the Legislature. It would establish a precedent for every town in this province that would be bad and liable to result in corruption. There are assuredly times when it is antagonistic to the best interests of the town to have the doings of its council published, but it is infinitely better that the press on such occasions should be asked to refrain from publishing proceedings rather than that they and the public be forcibly excluded. As a rule the representatives of the press are reasonable men and if treated courteously by councils will meet their reasonable and legitimate wishes regarding publicity of proceedings. To legalize secrecy and prevent publicity is to open the door for corruption of official circles. The proceedings of any body that has power and authority to deal with the finances or assets of a town or city should be an open book to electors.

We are pleased to be able to state that since writing the above, which appeared in our Tuesday issue, the Provincial Parliament has turned down the clauses in the proposed amendment to the Edmonton city charter, providing for the exclusion of the press from council meetings.

FILLING UP THE CITIES.

(Toronto Star.)

Out of a million immigrants who landed at American ports in 1904 and 1905 more than half remained in the large cities, while the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Ohio, Connecticut and California absorbed 874,000, or four-fifths of the whole number. The States offering the largest opportunities for intending farmers received only a very insignificant proportion of the new arrivals; for instance, only 5000 went into Texas in the two years.

Under these circumstances it is hardly a matter for surprise that the people of the United States are regarding the tide of immigration with anxiety and are endeavoring to put up the bars against those who would become a charge upon the community. The great cities of the United States, with their startling contrasts of wealth and poverty, are becoming much like those of the old world. The new arrivals are not attracted by the prospect of farming or working for farmers. Probably they follow the line of least resistance, endeavoring to find employment at the place of landing. "To specify one particular only," says the New York Tribune, "the immigrant the day he is admitted as a New Yorker, can start out with a push cart and pay his way, while other cities are not so hospitable in this regard."

It may be remarked here that the American situation is radically different from ours. The Canadian Government has adopted a policy of encouraging settlement, but at the same time of exercising certain powers of selection and guidance. This system is now being attacked, but whatever its faults may be, it does not result in filling our cities with new arrivals and leaving the farming districts unsettled. The great majority of the new arrivals in Canada are of the agricultural class, and they include a large number of American farmers.

CHINESE MINERS KILLED

Vancouver, May 7.—Two Chinese miners, Yen Hing and Fah Chow have been murdered in their cabins on the banks of the Fraser near Lillooet. In one cabin the body of the occupant was found lying on the floor terribly mutilated. In the second cabin the body of the other man was found undressed and horribly hacked and cut. A hatchet and pick were found in one of the cabins. The corpses were covered with blood. Both cabins bore traces of a violent struggle. No trace of the perpetrators of these crimes has been discovered. Both men had a good deal of placer gold in their cabins.

FAVORS UNION

Montreal, May 7.—Dr. Howley, archbishop of St. John's, Newfoundland, who is in the city, states that he has always favored union with Canada. "I consider it most deplorable," His Grace added, "that our people do not realize the benefits of union. They, however, have been brought to such a hostile way of viewing confederation by politicians that they would almost consider it heresy to the faith if I were to take a strong ground in support of the measure."

Monday Diamond Soap makes copper like gold, tin like silver, crockery like marble, and washes like crystal.

KUNZ & CO.

Real Estate Agents,

Manufacturers Agents.

EDMONTON, FIRST STREET

Phone 435. P.O. Box 219.

REAL ESTATE IS THE BASIS OF WEALTH

Savings lead to wealth!
Good investments bring riches!
Prosperity fosters contentment!
Own your own home and be happy.

Be wise and buy acreage in "City View Park" while prices are low and terms easy.

Be wise and buy Berkefeld Filters, the perfection of water filters.
For particulars come and see us.

Decisions On Dress

are handed down by more judges than one—it's the consensus of opinion that counts in the sartorial art. We are perfectly willing to abide by the verdict of good dressers of the male sex in Edmonton as to whether or not we garb those well who trust their tailoring to us. Fabric, patterns, fit and price—all proclaim us tailoring leaders in this city.

Geo. Lalonde,
Merchant Tailor.
First Street, Three Doors
North of Jasper

"It's more than fine:
it's elegant."

If you could hear what some of the men are saying about these new

Spring Suits
Spring Top Coats
Spring Rain Coats

you would not lose a minute in picking out the garment that pleases YOU.

Many of the clothes are exclusive importations—and have no duplicates.

That is why early choice is so desirable—and why YOU should come SOON.

Fit Reform

J. H. Morris & Co., Edmonton.

Before Buying a Summer Residence See

McIntosh & Chauvin

White Whale Beach

the most Beautiful Summer Resort

on Wabamum Lake

It has a gradual slope of 200 to 300 yards to the shores of the well sheltered bay, and commands a view of the whole lake.

IMPROVED FARM

Good Location. Two miles from
Railway, \$12.50 per acre

Call, and we will drive you out to see it. Wild lands from \$8.00 per acre up. An especially good bargain in a West End residence for a quick sale

H. BOWEN

Real Estate Broker

Jasper Avenue

What Do You Drink? Edmonton Beer

WANTED

WANTED.
Position in barber shop by experienced man. Box 49, Bulletin office.
cy 7-101 pd.

WANTED TO BUY.
About 25 tons to good upland hay. Edmonton Sausage Maker.
cy 107-112

WANTED.
A position as bookkeeper and clerk by a young man, can operate typewriter.
cy 105-109 pd.

TENDERS WANTED.
For building frame school house 12x24 ft. 12 ft. ceiling. Plans can be seen at Mr. Pollock's up to June 18th. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. D. Wilby, Secretary, First Ridge School District, Onaway P.O.
cy 107-112 chg.

WANTED.
An experienced man (married) as foreman on large grain growing farm. Wife to take care of house. Write stating age, wages, experience and references to Box 34 Bulletin.
cy 107-110 pd.

TENDERS WANTED.
On school debentures of eight hundred dollars, repayable in 10 annual payments with interest at 6 percent. D. Wilby, Secretary, First Ridge, Onaway P.O.
cy 107-112 chg.

WANTED.
One experienced dry goods saleslady for first-class store in Alberta. Must be competent and of good address. The right party can command good salary. Apply to Horne & Spice, Beehive Supply Store, Lacombe.
cy 106 ft.

WANTED.
Position by experienced bookkeeper. Good penman. Apply Box 4 Bulletin office.
cy 104-109 pd.

WANTED.
At once, two first class wood workers, men used to carriage building preferred. G. Riechster, behind Empire block, First street.
cy 1 in.

WANTED.
Two English ladies want employment. Thoroughly domesticated; country life preferred. Address Miss Caton, Post Office, Strathcona.
cy 106-108 pd.

WANTED.
A position as manager in a first-class meat market. Address "Sales," Bulletin.
cy 107-112 pd.

WANTED.
Position by smart young man and wife, in city preferred. Good references. Apply Box 41, Bulletin office.
cy 107-109 pd.

WANTED.
A smart lady for a real estate office. Apply North America Real Estate Co., Mackay block.
17-41 dy

BANDSMEN WANTED.
For C. M. R. military band. Applications made personally or in writing to W. CLARKE, Band-Sergeant, Grand View Hotel.
cy 10 ft chg.

WANTED.
Good linemith with knowledge of fur work. Apply C. W. Gatz, Leduc, Alberta.
cy 10 ft chg.

RAGS WANTED.
The bulletin will pay 1-2 cent a lb. for cotton rags, suitable for wiping machinery and press rollers.
cy 10 ft chg.

WANTED.
Young married man (no children) used to farm work. Good wages for satisfactory couple. Apply on phone Bremner, Clover Bar.
cy 80 ft chg.

LOST.
Grey lamb collette either on Jasper avenue or First street, west of ward on return to Bulletin office.
cy 80 ft chg.

PROVINCIAL FAIR 1906.
Tenders will be received for the privilege of the daily rate program, up to Thursday noon, the 10th day of May, 1906. H. R. Mountfield, Secretary Exhibition Association.
2 m.

BOOKS KEPT.
Strictest privacy; moderate terms; accounts, Edmonton, Strathcona. Apply Box 5, Bulletin.
cy 105-109 pd.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.
The Western Advertising Agency—Bill Peters, circulars, distributors, advertising writers. Moose Jaw, Sask.
cy 80 ft chg.

WANTED.
Boy wanted for stable and garden work. Apply to Mrs. J. Henderson, 11th St. West.
108-110 pd.

SITUATION WANTED.
Experienced male stenographer, typist and bookkeeper requires situation. Box 41.
106-111 pd.

WANTED.
Reliable man wants employment evenings from four to nine. Grocery store or otherwise. Apply Box 43, Bulletin office.
cy 106 pd.

FOR SALE OR RENT

FOR SALE.
Team of fine work horses with harness and wagon. Two good milch cows with calves by side. C. Lenhardt, 1st door west of Post Office.
cy 107 ft

FOR SALE.
Five acre lots on Rosedale, would make a good garden. Terms easy. Apply to G. H. Bush, corner McDougall and Clara Street.
cy 1

FOR SALE

New Heintzman & Co. upright mahogany piano, music cabinet and stool. Also one set of R. D. "History of the World," full morocco binding, and one set Encyclopaedia Britannica. Apply to Box 2, Bulletin office.
cy 104 ft.

FOR SALE

Well established business in good locality, expenses light. A snap for quick sale. Good reason for selling. Address Box 617 city.
cy 1 week.

TO LET

To gentleman, furnished room, clean and cozy. Green cottage, corner of Nanyo and Avenue and Clara street.
cy 105-109 pd.

FOR SALE

51-51-1/2 camera complete. Snap it taken at once, 3 hours south of Hinton street on Nanyo ave.
cy 108 pd.

TO LET ON LEASE

A stable suitable for livery and feed. P. O. Box 432, Edmonton.
cy 108-111 chg.

FOR SALE

Good 240 acre farm for sale. In famous old Sturgeon settlement, 12 miles from city. Churches, school, store, etc. Modern buildings—A good home. Price reasonable; terms easy. Apply to J. A. Carson, city, or Rev. T. C. Carson, Nanyo P. O.
cy 30-117 chg.

FURST LOST

Containing about 23 and two little gold pins. Finder please return at Bulletin office. Mrs. A. I. Walker.
108-109 chg.

NOTICE

THE LIQUOR LICENSE ORDINANCE, PROVINCE OF ALBERTA.
Application has been made by Messrs. Henry and Crawford for a transfer to themselves of the wholesale license granted to Charles E. Henry in respect of the premises situate on Lot 25, Block 4, Vermilion.
It is necessary, a meeting of the License Commissioners will be held at Edmonton on Friday, June 1st, 1906, at 3 o'clock P.M. to consider this application.
Dated at Edmonton this 7th day of May, 1906.

S. B. WOODS,
Deputy Attorney-General.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed, "Tender for Banff Water Works Wood Tank," will be received up to twelve o'clock noon, of the 26th May, 1906, for the construction of a 36 feet diameter, 24 feet high Wood Tank for the town of Banff in the Rocky Mountains Park of Canada, according to plans and specifications which may be seen at the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, and at the office of the Superintendent of the Rocky Mountains Park, Banff, Alberta, and of John Galt, Esq., C.E., 23 Jordan St., Toronto.

Each tender must be signed by the actual signature of the party or parties tendering, and accompanied by an accepted Cheque on a Chartered Bank, payable to the Deputy Minister of the Interior, for a sum equal to ten per cent of the amount of the tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party tendering declines the contract, or fails to complete the work contracted for, but will be returned in case tender is not accepted. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
PERLEY G. KHYES,
Secretary,
Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 27th April, 1906.
Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.
cy 108-112-115

CALGARY FAMILY'S EXPERIENCE.
(Continued from page five.)

distributed canned meats and vegetables, also bread and milk. You had to keep a sharp lookout for the wagons or you went without.

"We all had tremendous appetites. The little slum children who came up to the park and played around on the hills. Why their mothers couldn't keep them in food. They had never had so much fresh air before. We all felt better for living in the open air. "We had a little store in the yard," continued Mr. Pierce, "and I was glad I had had some experience in camping, and I enjoyed it first-rate. "His cooking was splendid. Once he made a jonnycake," put in Mrs. Pierce.

"It was only made in a trying-pan," said her husband modestly, "But it tasted delicious." On the whole it appears that after the first day there was practically no want or suffering among the homeless. The greatest good humor prevailed. The common disaster brought them all very close together; they joked and laughed and chaffed each other on the ridiculous shifts they were put to.

"The city was a strange sight by night," said Mr. Pierce. "There were of course no electric lamps or gas lights in the streets and the people were forbidden to have any lights in their houses, not even candles. The soldiers went through the streets and if any lights were seen they shot at the windows. Street after street was dark. It was like a dead city. The people huddled in the doorways wrapped in blankets only emphasized the effect.

"When we left San Francisco a week after the earthquake the fire was still burning in several places."

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE BANQUETTED BY CITIZENS

Mayor May Presided—Speeches by Members of the Government and Opposition

A few of the citizens of Edmonton entertained the members of the Legislature to a very pleasant dinner at the Penderlea last evening. It was one of the most successful functions of its kind ever held in the city. It was purely a social affair with a refreshing absence of politics and was evidently thoroughly enjoyed by all present. Mayor May presided over the affair in that genial and pleasant manner which makes "Charlie" so popular. The host of the Penderlea had the dining room very tastefully decorated with daisies and palms and the dinner was served in a manner that reflects very great credit upon those in charge of the same.

Alderman Mays busied himself to see that every one not only felt at home but really was there. To the right and left of the Mayor sat the Premier and the leader of the Opposition, in very truth the lamb and the lion had lain down together, but both were in such thoroughly good humor that you couldn't tell which was the lion.

Mr. Hebert's genial face beamed from a seat beside Attorney-General Cross and Alderman Griesbach in warrior's garb, but with no spirit of war in his heart, sat opposite the mayor. It was in the eloquent language of Mr. John T. Moore, a love feast. At the conclusion of the dinner Mayor May proposed the toast of the Legislature. Premier Rutherford expressed his pleasure in being present at the splendid banquet given the members at the close of the session. The work of the session had been somewhat arduous. Questions had been before the Legislature which touched this city very closely, among them amendments to the city charter and the fixing of the capital; both had been hoped had been settled in a satisfactory way. The parliament buildings would be erected soon and he confidently expected they would be a credit to this city and the whole province. The work would be done the efficient and capable direction of the Minister of Public Works. He closed by briefly thanking the friends who had so royally entertained the legislators.

Hon. W. H. Cushing said speeches were generally required at banquets but he had been too busy with the affairs of the legislature for this. He said the legislature had got on very smoothly with its work. The members were very agreeable in the conduct of public business. He expressed his pleasure in enjoying the hospitality of the citizens of Edmonton. He felt sure that all the members had enjoyed their stay in this city. During the entire session the citizens of this city had done a great deal to make the enjoyment of the members pleasant. He made a few humorous remarks about the capital, saying that it didn't amount to much anyhow. He believed that good earnest work had been done during the present session by all the members of the legislature.

Mr. A. J. Robertson said that as politics were barred at this gathering and he had been interested in politics so much lately he was at a loss what to discuss. He referred to his attitude on the capital question, and stated that while in supporting Calgary he had praised that city, he had said nothing derogatory of the splendid city of Edmonton, believed that in the splendid

A PROVINCE FOR SEVEN SHILLINGS

The story of how the Hudson's Bay Co. rented Vancouver for seven shillings a year is told by Harold Sands in the May Canadian Magazine.

It is always an important event in the life of the individual or colony when first stirrings towards self-government are felt. In some cases parents supply the initial promptings with the idea that an appearance of standing alone may be given to the youngster who is really made all the more dependent. It was thus with British Columbia in 1849. The Hudson's Bay Company, driven from Oregon by "American marauders"—to use a phrase coined by a United States writer—saw that the legislators in England were calling an eye to wards this very far away, very wild, and very little Britain. Little this is to say as far as population went. The directors therefore laid their plans to secure their power while seemingly allowing the great coast to stand upon its own feet. It is a curious coincidence that the man in charge at Downing street of things colonial in those days was Earl Grey an ancestor of the present Governor-General of Canada. While satisfied with obtaining practical sovereignty of British Columbia for a time, the company in its negotiations with Lord Grey, aimed far higher. It intimated that it was "willing to undertake the government and colonization of all the territories be-

longing to the Crown in North America, and receive a grant accordingly." So startling a proposal naturally staggered Downing street, even in those days when it was accustomed to speak of those "wretched colonies," and the Crown submitted negotiations. After an interval the company returned to the back with the more modest statement that "it was willing to accept that part of the territory west of the Rocky Mountains, or even Vancouver Island alone," although it remarked that placing the whole territory north of the 49th parallel under one government power would have simplified arrangements. Despite the opposition of Gladstone and the London papers, the Hudson's Bay company was made lord and proprietor of Vancouver Island, and subject only to the dominion of the British Crown, and to the yearly payment of seven shillings as rent. The charter, which was dated Jan. 11, 1849 stipulated that the appointment of Governor was vested in the Crown. It also said that the lease of the island was forever, but events proved that Mr. Gladstone and others had much reason for their opposition, and the "forever" became many years only. The great year of gold, 1858, really saw the last of the great monopoly as such. It may be mentioned that almost immediately after the grant was made the Crown rejected it, and Lord Elgin, Governor-General, reported disapproving of the company as a ruler in the Red River district, but its course on the coast was an improvement, being spoken of as without flagrant offences or outrageous wrong, and even marked by much kindness and humanity, which is no mean praise for a monopoly.

PONOKA HAS ANOTHER FIRE

Business Premises Damaged at an Early Hour on Saturday

Ponoka, May 7.—Another fire, broke out in Ponoka on Sunday morning and a deal of property was destroyed. About 1:30 a.m. the townspeople were startled out of their slumbers by the cry of "fire" and the ringing of the fire bell. The conflagration had broken out in Moth Bros. butcher shop, and before being detected had a firm hold. The building, a two story structure, was ablaze from top to bottom, and the Chapman saddlery store which adjoined it was also ignited before the fire brigade could make itself felt. The night being calm every effort was made to confine the fire to the buildings in which it had broken out, and with a copious supply of water the brigade had things well in hand.

The damage done will amount to about \$1,000. A. McDonald, the owner of the building and Moth Brothers, being the principle sufferers. The Chapman saddlery store suffered a good deal mainly with water. None carried insurance to speak of.

As to how the fire originated, is a mystery, and a feeling of anxiety has taken hold of the people, so many mysterious outbreaks having been reported of late. The one redeeming feature is the admirable manner in which the fire brigade worked, and although the fire appliances have been criticized, they have amply demonstrated their worth.

OFFICERS HAD FIRST DRILL

School of Instruction Began at Exhibition Grounds Last Night

The provisional school of instruction for the officers and non-commissioned officers of the new "A" and "B" squadrons of the C. M. R. opened yesterday on the exhibition grounds and the officers had their first drill last evening. The school is in charge of Capt. Mackie, D.S.O. and Sergt. Jackson, of the C. M. R. regular corps, Winnipeg. Those who are attending the school are the officers and non-coms. of "A" squadron, Edmonton, and "B" squadron, Strathcona.

Instruction will be given each morning from 6:30 till 8:30 and each evening from 6:30 till 8:45, and in the evening lectures will be given by Capt. Mackie from 8:45 till 9:30. At the end of the course of instruction, which will last till May 25th, examinations will be held and certificates issued accordingly. Those in attendance at the school will probably go into camp on the flats during the course.

The officers and non-coms. who were present at the first drill last night were as follows: "A" squadron, Major S. Paton, Capt. B. J. Saunders, Lieut. W. A. Griesbach, Lieut. N. F. Harbottle, Lieut. E. Hardy, Lieut. Forster, Squadron Sergeant-Major T. C. Griffin, Squadron Quartermaster-Sergt. R. W. Day, Sergt. B. Kidston, and Sergt. A. E. Hopkins; "B" Squadron, Major F. C. Jamieson, Capt. Arthur Pierson, Lieut. Harold Ritchie, Lieut. McKenzie, Lieut. Marriot, Squadron Sergt. Major Tige, Sergt. Green, Corporal Tiplon and Corporal Kent. The remaining non-coms. have not yet been appointed, but will appear for drill in a day or so.

Last night Capt. Mackie instructed the officers in squad drill and troop drill. It is expected that the rifles will arrive to-day and rifle drill will be taken up to-night.

Orders were read last night and officers were appointed to various commands during the course of instruction. Regimental orders will be read each evening after drill.

On Wednesday night mounted drill will be taken up, when those in attendance will appear on horseback. The uniforms for the men will arrive in a few days. The regulation uniform will be scarlet serge jacket, with green facings, dark trousers with broad yellow stripe, field service cap, and a white helmet.

BUILDING PERMITS

Thos. H. Jones filed plans at the building inspectors' office this morning for a residence to be built on Eighth, between Victoria and McKay. The plans show a very handsome brick house which will cost \$4,000.

R. Herbert E. Wilkinson made application for a permit to build a \$1,000 residence on Fraser, between Hainey and Plead street.

KILLED BY A BEUT

Kenora, May 6.—At the Rat Portage lumber mills this morning just before 6 and at the end of the night shift, W.W. B. Drummond, night foreman, while fixing the machinery, was caught in a belt, whirled around a shaft and hurled thirty feet across the building. His right arm was torn off and his body smashed. He died an hour later.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

ALBERTA.
R. C. Edwards, Calgary.
Thos. Turnbull, Winnipeg.
P. G. Spencer.
R. Hodgins, Butte.
E. Michener, Red Deer.
M. Botterill, Red Deer.
W. E. Payne, Red Deer.
G. H. Bawlinson, Red Deer.
T. A. Gault, Red Deer.
A. T. Stephenson, Red Deer.
P. Pigeon.
Wm. Dixon, Wetaskiwin.
A. McLean, Brandon.

QUEEN'S.
Leon Levesque, St. Albert.
W. H. Overton, St. Louis.
Mr. Ward, Mississauga.
P. A. Gosman, Long Ridge.
Mrs. Charlotte Campbell, Galena, Kan.
F. H. Johnston, Wetaskiwin.
E. Campbell, Wetaskiwin.
W. S. Adams, Vermilion.
John McConnell, Telford.
T. J. Lawrence, Sion.
John Mathieson, Sion.
E. A. Thomas, Leduc.
George Shea, Wetaskiwin.
Jas. Armstrong, Auburn.

IMPERIAL.
R. Wheeler and wife, Vancouver.
R. J. York, Dayland.
J. A. Pugin, Morrisville.
E. Clarke, Okotoks.
W. A. Anderson, Fort Windsors.

WINDSOR.

TOOKE'S BUSINESS SHIRTS

Care an air of confidence and prosperous appearance to the wearer.

The best English Oxford and finest French Cambrics are used, and the patterns are not only exclusive but absolutely last.

The stitching throughout is correct and uniform. Each operator works on one class of work only, and thus becomes very expert.

Careful dressers for more than a quarter century have always demanded Tooke Shirts.

TOOKE BROTHERS, Limited,
MONTREAL.



MADAME ALBANI ARRIVES TO-NIGHT

Mr. F. G. Spencer, the manager of the Albani farewell tour, arrived in town yesterday and registered at the Albergo. Madame Albani and party will arrive on the late train to-night. The prima donna, together with her husband and Miss Gauthier, have accepted the invitation of the Governor and will be guests at Government House while in the city. When seen at the Albergo last evening by a Bulletin representative, Mr. Spencer spoke interestingly of the remarkable success which has already attended the Albani tour. The long series of concerts opened in Halifax early in February, since which time the great prima donna has been heard in all the larger Canadian cities. The scenes enacted at the concert in Montreal, Quebec, Ottawa and other cities where French speaking Canadians are numerous, Mr. Spencer says were unprecedented. In Montreal three concerts were given, the last in the Arena, the largest auditorium in Montreal, which was crowded with an enthusiastic audience of French Canadians who came to say farewell to their beloved Albani, the girl from Chamley, of whom Drummond wrote that famous poem. In Ottawa at the conclusion of the concert, the Premier in one box and the Governor-General in the other, led off in three hearty cheers for Madame Albani, speaking of the western tour, Mr. Spencer remarked that it was easily surpassing

any which this diva had ever taken made in this portion of the country, and capacity houses had greeted her in every place visited up to date and prospects were good for the remaining concerts. Referring particularly to Edmonton, Mr. Spencer expressed much satisfaction with the prospects here. Queried as to the character of the programme, the concert promoter said it was the intention to make it appealing to the audience as possible. In deference to the expressed wishes of many French patriots, several songs in this language would be sung by the prima donna and Miss Gauthier, while the majority of the numbers would be given in English. There would be probably very great interest felt in hearing Madame Albani's rendering of Tenby's "Crossing the Bar," "The "Good-Bye," and "Home Sweet Home," all of which will be heard at to-morrow evening's concert. From here the Albani itinerary includes Calgary, Victoria, Vancouver, Nanaimo, Moose Jaw, Regina, Kenora, Fort William, and several other dates in the East. Before leaving, the reporter learned that Mr. Spencer purpose touring Madame Albani's career in the year, and if the encouragement given his present Edmonton venture proved satisfactory, that there might be a prospect of hearing this other celebrated singer. The Prima Donna will be a guest at Government House.

MANVILLE is BOOMING

Good High and Dry Site
Splendid Water
Settlers Pouring in
Much Building in Progress

Lots 50 x 150
\$75 to \$150
Easy Terms
Title Guaranteed

Apply to

F. FITZGERALD & CO.

ROLFE & KENWOOD.

HAVE YOU

ever realized the difference there is in the Coal that is mined in the Edmonton District. If not, try a Load of

THE BRENTON COAL

Mined by

The City Coal Co., Ltd.

ONCE USED
ALWAYS USED

Farm and City Property for Sale

by the

ASTLEY JONES PIANO &
ORGAN CO.

Real Estate Agents

MILNER'S COAL

LEAVE ORDERS AT

BERG'S FRUIT STORE
Phone 27 Prompt Delivery

Milner & Co

THE

CROSS PANTORIUM

Jasper Avenue, Below Post-Office.

Clothes Cleaned, Repaired and
Pressed Night and Day.

\$1.50 per month

for Four Suits, with Shoes Shined

PHONE 348.

The Edmonton Cartage Co.

CARTAGE AGENTS AND
CONSIGNERS

PHONE 39 P. O. BOX 41.

E. LEONARD & SON

MANUFACTURERS OF

ENCINES

BOILERS

LONDON ONT.



Write for information and prices to
WALTER J. GARSDIE,
P.O. Box 899, Calgary, Alta.



AUCTIONEER B. Loughran

conducts sales in Town and Country
on Hay Market every Friday and Satur-
days at 3 p.m. Mares and cows
treated that won't breed. Cattle dehorned.
Office: Dominion Dining Hall,
Queens Avenue or International Land
office, First street.

COMMISSION 3 PER CENT.
Dominion Dining Hall,
Queens Avenue



FAIRFAX—Solves the problem of
a smart, comfortable, stand-
ing collar for business wear—
you don't have to wash it (turn
down) collar daytimes.

Demand
the Brand

WATER LINEN
Collars

Generously spaced between wings,
1 1/4 in. high at back, 2 1/4 in. front. Made
of LIGHT LINEN and the interlining cut
away where the cravat would come to, so that
if we didn't make them just about laundry
proof.

Makers, Berlin, Canada

Wood's Phosphorine

The Great English Remedy,
Tones and invigorates the whole
system, builds new
Blood in old veins, cures Nervous
debility, Menstrual Weakness, Indigestion, Spas-
modic, and Effects of Abuse or Excess.
Price \$1 per box, 6 for \$5. One will please, six
will cure. Sold by all druggists or mail at 25
cents plus cost of postage. Not compounded
medically free. The Wood Medicine Co.
(formerly Windsor) Toronto, Ont.

BRITISH CAPITALISTS AND CANADIAN INVESTMENTS

British Investors No Longer Look Askance at Canadian
Enterprises

(From Canada.)

Canada to-day has little or no diffi-
culty in getting whatever capital she
requires for development and indus-
trial purposes, but time was, and that
not very long ago, when British money
was shy at embarking in the enter-
prises of a country so little known
and understood. Then it was that such
men as Mr. R. M. Horne-Payne, the
resident director in England of the
Canadian Northern Railway, and a fin-
ancier with many other Canadian in-
terests, did a real service to the Do-
minion by encouraging, persuading and
convincing all with whom they came
in contact of the solidity of the nation's
progress, and the soundness of the
many undertakings which made an ap-
peal to the investor.

A representative of Canada the other
day approached Mr. Horne-Payne,
with the object of obtaining his views
on the position of Canadian finance in
London generally, and the prospects of
his own charges in particular. Mr.
Horne-Payne readily acceded to the re-
quest, remarking at the outset that it
was needless in these days of a well
informed press to repeat that Canada
was at the present time highly pros-
perous, and that Canadian financial
conditions were in a most satisfactory
state.

"I may, however, emphasize the fact
that conditions in the Dominion are be-
yond all doubt absolutely stable, and in
no way transient," continued Mr.
Horne-Payne, "and that the prosper-
ity which is laid recorded is no tempo-
rary boom, but has come to stay
once and for all, and will steadily in-
crease year by year. Of course, to me
the state of affairs is a keen delight.
For seventeen years, in season and out
of season I had preached Canada, un-
til I had scarcely got a personal friend
in the world where, as often as not
spat his will. Up to January, 1903,
I had been the direct means of invest-
ing just over eight million sterling in
the country, and many an anxious and
worried day I had in consequence, dur-
ing times of depression or panic in the
various securities which I was closely
identified with.

"From 1899 to 1896, a few serious-
minded city men could be got to look
upon even Canadian provincial and
municipal bonds as sound investments,"
he continued. "Canadian Pacific was
considered a wild gamble, and as for
electric, and commercial or land in-
vestments, they were actually not con-
sidered to afford half the security that
De Beers and other South African min-
ing debentures afforded.

"You know the story of the Home
Government that during the Riel Re-
bellion sent out two enormous ma-
chines to distill fresh water from the
Great Lakes, for the use of the troops
in Manitoba. This was not a solitary
instance, but a sample, of the igno-
rance prevailing about the country. Even
now, ignorance is not altogether
conquered. Have we not had a Cab-
inet Minister seriously alleging that
diseased cattle might be driven to the
Canadian Northwest from Texas, and
I know of at least one eminent bank-
ing house which, what it will lend a
little money on Canadian Pacific
shares at a good margin, is still of
opinion that the Canadian Pacific is a
mere bubble, which must some day col-
lapse. If only these good people could
be got to travel how amazed they
would be, and what a good thing it
would be for their unfortunate custom-
ers."

"And the Canadian Northern, Mr.
Horne-Payne?"

"It is achieving the anticipations of
its founders far more rapidly than was
ever foreseen," was the reply. "The
financial year ending June, 1905, showed
a surplus approaching 50 per cent.
over fixed charges, namely, a surplus
of \$416,000 on fixed charges of \$1,128-
000. This brought the undivided bal-
ance to the credit of profit and loss up
to just on \$1,000,000. Seven months of
the present financial year, ending Janu-
ary 31st, already show an increase in
net profits of \$278,000, over 33 per cent.
and this will go on steadily rolling up
for the remaining five months, but
things are only just beginning to pro-
ceed with the Canadian Northern. The
future of the line is absolutely assur-
ed. The star of good fortune has
shone in a most remarkable degree on
the undertaking, mainly, no doubt, owing
to the good judgment of its found-
ers, but nevertheless, there has been
some element of luck. It has been a
lucky enterprise from the outset.

"When Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. Mann
set out to build another Canadian Pa-
cific, they had such mistakes as the
older line had made, and the great
advantage of the vast improvements in
the practice of railway construction
which had been made, particularly in
the United States, between the years
1893-98, to guide them. Experience had
shown that the older line had been at
fault in its location and had crossed
the prairie too far south. The con-

struction of the Canadian Northern took
their time in locating their line, and
the summers from 1895 to 1902, before
there was yet any rush to the West
were spent with the aid of a whole
army of experienced hand experts in
surveying and examining the entire
country. In fact it was the Cana-
dian Northern that opened up and showed
the vast resources of the Saska-
tchewan, and the Northern Prairie to
the settler, and vice versa. The
result is that every single mile of the
line will yield good traffic. I do not
hesitate to say that I believe that mile
for mile, the Canadian Northern coun-
try will yield from 20 per cent to 50
per cent more than that of any other
line in the country. Following modern
practice, Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann
set out to build the line with the light-
est curve and lowest grade, and conse-
quently the line on which traffic could
be most economically handled on the
American continent, and this they
have undoubtedly achieved although it
was as they are before long going to
wrest the palm from them; it has
not been done yet.

"Another great advantage the Cana-
dian Northern has," he continued, "is
the lowness of its fixed charges and the
simplicity of its finance, which a
child can follow. At least until a year
ago, we had the lowest annual fixed
charges per mile of any road on the
American continent, and, I believe, in
the world. I have not got the means
of checking the figures at the mo-
ment and it is impossible that with
the large extensions built during the
past two years by the Canadian Pacific
with ordinary capital their figures may
now be lower than ours; but, at any
rate no other company comes even ap-
proximately near our figure of some-
thing under \$140 per mile, per annum,
including the cost of our magnificent
elevators and other subsidiaries. For a
great number of years the Canadian
Pacific stood at over \$200."

"And to what do you attribute this
satisfactory state of things, Mr. Horne-
Payne?"

"It was due," was his reply, "in the
first place to the Government guarantee of
Canadian Northern securities, which en-
abled the company to borrow at very
low rates of interest; to economical
construction at a time when materials
were about at their lowest; to the fact
that our lands, for terminals, etc.,
including those at Port Arthur, Win-
nipeg, Edmonton and other cities,
the saleable value of which today must
stand at several million pounds stor-
ling were acquired at bed-rock prices
long before the idea of the railway
was made public; to the fact that not
a penny has ever been taken out of the
railway, and that there is no leakage
of profits through side corporations;
and last, but not least, to the fact
that the company has had free the ser-
vice of two great railway men, Mr.
William Mackenzie and Mr. Donald D.
Mann, with all their experience and
resources, their foresight, unwavering
determination, and indomitable will
power. They have looked alone to their
investment in the ordinary stock of the
company for their profits. As to the
finance of the company, it can be given
in a few words—five loans. First, two
and a quarter million pounds of 4 per
cent debenture stock; second three mil-
lion pounds of 4 per cent bonds, guar-
anteed by Manitoba; third, two mil-
lion pounds of 3 per cent stock, guar-
anteed by Canada; fourth, two mil-
lion dollars to 4 per cent bonds, ac-
crued on the land grant; and fifth and
lastly, five million dollars of Great
Northern railway bonds, guaranteed by
the Canadian Northern, secured in the
first instance on the Great Northern
lines and their very valuable terminal
and dock property in Quebec and Mon-
treal."

"I have said that the Canadian Nor-
thern was only just beginning to show
results. Development along the line
are proceeding apace, and daily show
the forethought with which its course
have been laid. Already villages have
sprung up throughout the entire coun-
try. There is no eight or ten miles
of the line in Manitoba, Saskatchewan,
or Alberta, without its rising town.
Only this morning I received news of
considerable interest connected with
the alluvial gold mining on the Sas-
katchewan. For years past there has
been more or less desultory work along
the upper reaches, and the banks at
Edmonton have been buying water-
worn gold from casual prospectors in
quite respectable quantities. Now, with
the advent of the Canadian Northern,
I hear the business is being taken up
seriously, and some very large con-
cessions of modern perfected appli-
ances are going forward from this
country. Then there is the coal in-
dustry of North Alberta, and later on
will undoubtedly follow the discovery
of petroleum in large quantities. The
farmer in many parts of Alberta does
not need to buy his coal, he simply
goes and digs it at the nearest out-
crop."

Alluding to the sort of emigrant that

is being attracted to the West, Mr.
Horne-Payne gave an extract from an
account of how some 700 Americans
recently journeyed into the Saskatche-
wan Valley. "They were the most ex-
traordinary, substantial-looking lot,"
the account said, "a large majority in
each train being composed of whole
families of from three to ten. It was
significant of the wealth of these set-
tlers, that they travelled in Standard
sleeping-cars, in preference to cheap-
er accommodation. Four of these men
deposited with one bank over \$20,000 in
drafts on United States banks."

"Further east," said Mr. Horne-Payne,
"is Cedar Lake in Manitoba, and Lake
Winnipeg, with their great white
fish and Sturgeon fisheries. It may be
news to some to learn that the Old
World receives 75 per cent of its ca-
vare from this region."

"Perhaps the most remarkable de-
velopments of the whole country are
occurring on the Ontario division of the
line," Mr. Horne-Payne says, "in the
Iron Range Mountain section, between
Port Arthur and Fort Francis. In this
section, immense developments are
taking place under the auspices of
great American capitalists. At Port
Arthur itself there is being built in
connection with the Canadian Northern
Railway, what will be the largest coal
and ore docks in North America. The
first section will be opened about the
last of May, and the company are se-
cure of a very large tonnage to these
docks. Already a large smelter has been
built, and there is under construction
a large steel rolling plant; the founda-
tions are also completed, and the con-
struction is being rapidly pushed.
A great steel pipe works, which are
being built by leading pipe manufac-
turers of Boston, will all up the
line especially at and immediately west
of Alton, the country will this
spring be one iron stone mine in full
operation. The two little railways
owned by the United States Steel Com-
pany, immediately to the south, are
a long way the biggest earners per
mile of any railway in the world, and
it was with the object of opening up
this business that the Ontario and
Rainy River Railway, which ultimate-
ly became the first like in the Cana-
dian Northern, was incorporated. At
Francis, the great falls of the Rainy
River are being turned to use, and a
gigantic electrical plant is nearing
completion and at this point the Du-
luth, Rainy River and Winnipeg Rail-
way is joining the Canadian Northern
and will give an air line from Winni-
peg to Duluth and Chicago. Canada
is thriving from end to end. Her ex-
ports have increased from \$24,000,000 in
1892 to \$200,000,000, and the banks show
savings of 348,000 depositors at over
\$45,000,000."

Carbo-Magnetic
NO NEW
BLADES.
NO ANNUAL
TAX.
If you wish to test
one of these Razors
without RISK or
OBLIGATION on
your part, apply
to us for
details.

Carbo-Magnetic Razors
Sole in Canada
Carbo-Magnetic Blade
Carbo-Magnetic Razor
First Quality "Blade in Sheath"
REVILLON BROS. LIMITED.

Painters and Paper Hangers

We, the under-
signed take pleas-
ure in notifying
the public that we
are prepared to do

PAINTING
PAPER HANGING
GRAINING

and all exterior
and interior deco-
rating

Snelgrove & Madge
Brunswick Hotel



MADAME ALBANI

YOU CAN'T BUY A GOLD DOLLAR WITH A SIXPENCE.

A GOOD shoe must have three costly qualities.
These are Style, Comfort, and Wear.
No shoe sold at \$3.00 can have more than two of these
three requirements.

No shoe sold at \$2.50, or under, can have more than one
of them.

Because, each one of these three costs good money to pro-
duce, independent of the others.

You can get more wear from a \$2.00 Brogan than from a
\$5.00 Shoe, but, you get nothing else from it.

You can sometimes get almost as much style and finish
in a \$2.50 shoe, as in the average \$3.50 shoe, but it will wear
like cardboard, and only by accident can you ever be properly
fitted in its limited range of shapes, sizes, and widths.

It is poor economy to buy cheap shoes, unless they be
Brogans.

Because it costs as much to finish a \$2.50 shoe as a good
one, and this leaves little for material and workmanship.

When you are tempted to buy a \$2.50 shoe, by its
window appearance, reflect that only about 60 cents
in that shoe can be leather.

What sort of leather will 60 cents buy?
The soles alone of a Slater Shoe cost almost 60
cents.

And the extra labor put into the hidden parts
of Slater Shoes cost as much as all the labor put into
superficial \$2.50 shoes.

No good thing can be purchased at a poor price
except by chance.

And 99 times out of 100 the chance is against you.
Every genuine Slater Shoe is stamped on the
lining with the valuation of its Makers—either \$4.00
or \$5.00—and the slate-frame trade-mark.

That valuation is
a direct guarantee
from Maker to
Wearer, of full
value up to the
price stamped.



GOODYEAR
PROCESS

The Slater Shoe

Bargains! Bargains!

Here is something right in season. Having bought a traveller's sam-
to clear everything at once we will sell these garments this week 25 per
cent. below marked prices.

WHITE WAISTS—Sizes 34 and 36 only, prices from 85c. to \$2.00, only one
of each.

COLOR WAISTS—Sizes 34 and 36 only 1 nail materials, prices from 50c.
to \$2.

SKIRT—About 4 skirts in different colors, sizes and prices.

NIGHT-GOWNS, CORSET COVERS, DRAWERS, ETC.—Very fancy, excepting
prices.

WRAPPERS, House Dresses, Boys' Summer Suits, Girl's dresses, etc.

GARIEPY & LESSARD

PHONE 55.

PROMPT FREE DELIVERY

OFFICE SUPPLIES

It will pay you to see our Stock of these Goods; a large stock
well selected, and as cheap as you can find anywhere

MacKenzie's Bookstore

PHONE 6

FOR THE CHOICEST

BEEF PORK
MUTTON SALMON
VEAL ETC.

THE GALLAGHER-HULL Co., Ltd.

TRY OUR HAMS AND BACON—THE BEST.

TO BE WELL DRESSED

is not only a delight to yourself, but also a pleasure to your friends. The cost
is very normal in these days of perfect fit, and the CRYSTAL PALACE
CLOTHING EMPORIUM can always suit you. The largest stock of ready-
to-wear clothing in the city, where the most fastidious tastes are easily sat-
isfied.

Our Tweed Suits for \$7.50 and \$8.00 are a wonder.
Our Leader \$15.00 Suit has no equal. Our \$11.00 and
\$12.50 Chesterfield Overcoat is a wonder for value

Crystal Palace Clothing Emporium.

The Popular Store for Values

Northcote

Highest Point North of City.

Adjoining H. B. Reserve.

Lots 50 x 150. Price \$150 to \$200.
Terms: One-Third Down; one and two
years balance at 7 per cent.

F. G. HALDANE & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS.

A NEW FRAME

wonderfully improves a favorite picture. We
have the finest and best assorted stock of Frames
in the city

J. B. Lubbock

Phone 223

1st Street

LOCAL.

In order to reach the News or Editorial
rooms of the Bulletin, ring up Phone
No. 450

—Albani sings in the rink to-mor-
row night.

—The city council meets this even-
ing.

—The Retail Merchants' Association
meets this evening.

—Friday next is Arbor Day and a
Provincial holiday in Alberta.

—The school board will meet in Mc-
Kay avenue school on Thursday even-
ing of this week.

—The Ladies' Aid of Grace Metho-
dist church will give a social in the
church on Thursday evening.

—The remains of John Wolsely, who
met death in the C.N.R. yards on Fri-
day evening have been shipped to Win-
nipeg for burial.

—The funeral of Mary Fortier, the
victim of the Rat Creek tragedy took
place this morning at ten o'clock, to
the Catholic cemetery.

—The First Baptist Sunday School
have organized a baseball club and
practice is held every Tuesday and
Friday evening.

—The Edmonton senior lacrosse team
held a practice on the baseball
grounds last night. A game is being
arranged with Strathcona for Arbor
Day.

—The S. O. E. Benefit Society will
hold a social dance in Robertson's
Hall on the evening of Friday, May
25. Tickets are \$1 per couple and may
be had from members of the society.

—At a meeting of the council of the
boys' brigade held last evening, it was
decided to have a field day on Arbor
Day for the brigades of All Saint's
church and St. Paul's church.

—Mrs. Catherine Peopping, wife of
B. D. Peopping, of Spring Lake, near
Daysland, died at the General Hospi-
tal here yesterday. The remains will
be shipped to Spring Lake to-day for
burial.

—Calgary Herald: W. Brown returned
from the north yesterday with a
trainload of export cattle for Messrs.
Sparrow & Johnston. P. Burns and
Co. also brought down a train. They
go east to-day.

—At the meeting of Queen's avenue
church Young People's society last
evening, a debate was held, the subject
being, "Resolved, that country life is
preferable to city life." The speakers
for the affirmative were the victors.

—Vermilion Signal: Edmonton re-
mains the capital of Alberta, as was
expected. No more fitting site for the
location of the chief city of a splen-
did province could be imagined than
that overlooking the valley of the broad
Saskatchewan on which the young mis-
tress of the west sits enthroned. Long
may she reign!

—Vermilion Signal: A license has
been granted to the Brunswick Hotel
and it will be opened for business at
an early date. The Brunswick will be
one of the finest public houses on the
C. N. R. line west of Winnipeg. It
is three-stories, plastered and hand-
somer finished inside with British
Columbia cedar, has twenty-five bed-
rooms, bath room, and toilet with mar-
ble basins on each floor, two good sit-
ting rooms, commodious dining room,
and office, and is steam heated and
fitted throughout with pipes for hot
and cold water. Vermilion has now
three good hotels, and they will not af-
ford any too much accommodation for
the number of people who will be get-
ting off here this summer.

—A. D. McLean, a young homestead
seeker from Canyon City, Colorado, who
was accidentally shot while driving
near Vegreville on Friday, died yester-
day in the public hospital here, where
he had been sent from Vegreville. Mc-
Lean in company with another man,
was driving north of Vegreville on
Friday, seeking homesteads. A loaded
shot gun in the wagon was accident-
ally discharged and the contents en-
tered McLean's thigh, inflicting a
painful wound. He was removed to E-
dmonton by the first train, and Dr.
Smith attended him in the public hos-
pital where he died yesterday. The
body was taken to Lubbock's undertak-
ing parlors.

ALBANI NEXT WEDNESDAY

No one in Edmonton or vicinity will
care to miss the great Albani concert next
Wednesday, and as the diva will be greet-
ed by probably the largest audience that
ever gathered in Edmonton to hear an
entertainment of any kind, those who have
not secured their seats should attend to
the matter at once. The fact that
Madame Albani and the singing members
of the company will be heard almost en-
tirely in English selections has aroused
much favorable comment, as it was feared
that the programme was to be beyond the
appreciation of many. None who can
possibly attend should miss the last oppor-
tunity of hearing Madame Albani in such
well known and popular selections as
Tennyson's "Crossing the Bar," Tosti's
"Good Bye" and the selection for which
Albani is so famous "Home Sweet Home,"
which she has sung probably more than
any living singer. She has sung it so
much because the people enjoy and de-
mand it, and they enjoy it because Albani
sings the old favorite in a manner that no
other artist has ever equalled. Those
who have not secured their seats should
do so at once.

—A building permit has been applied
for in the name of Mr. O. H. Bush,
for a residence to be built at the north-
east corner of McKay and Eighth
streets at a cost of \$7,500. It is to be
a very handsome brick dwelling, two
stories and a half, with basement, and
modern in every respect. H. A. Ma-
goon is the architect.

—Alexander Cameron, one of the old-
est residents of the Edmonton
district, died on Friday last at 8 P.M.
at Ranfurly, where he had gone to
spend a few days. His body was
brought to the city last night on the
C. N. R., and is awaiting burial at
the undertaking parlors of Moffatt &
McGowan. "Sandy" was a well-
known character around Edmonton. He
was born in Manitoba and reached the
age of 73. He was one of the old Red
River settlers, and came to the E-
dmonton district 25 years ago, and
bought a farm at Sturgeon. He lived on
this farm up till two years ago, when
he removed to the city with his wife,
who survives him. Mrs. Jan Reid and
Mrs. J. Rofy, of Edmonton, are daugh-
ters.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

R. C. Edwards, of Calgary, is at the
Alberta.

E. Clarke, of Okotoks, is registered at
the Imperial.

F. G. Spencer, manager of the Albani
Concert Company, is registered at the
Alberta.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Dedington, of Toron-
to, have arrived in the city from San
Francisco, and are the guests of their
son, R. G. Dedington. Mr. and Mrs.
Dedington were in San Francisco
during the earthquake and have some
strange stories to tell.

ALCOHOLIC POISONING

Lacombe, May 7.—Saturday morning
about 8 o'clock a man was found in
the alley back of the Adelphi hotel in
a comatose state. Both eyes were
wide open and glazed. An alarm was
made to the authorities that he was
dead, but on medical aid being sum-
moned, he was found to be suffering
from alcoholic poisoning. He is as yet
unconscious and it is feared a critical
condition. He is a stranger in
town.

Following is a list showing the na-
tionalities of the settlers who made
homestead entry at the Edmonton land
office during the last week in April,
1906:

Nationality	No. of entries	No. in family
Americans	58	107
English	46	113
Canadians	43	106
Swedes	23	92
Norwegians	15	49
Germans	13	37
Australians	11	20
Danes	8	10
Scots	7	11
Irish	6	18
Poles	1	1
South African	1	1
Belgian	1	1
Finnlander	1	1
Russian	1	1
	241	548

The above shows that the Canadian
Northwest is getting the very cream
of the world's immigration, and that
the Edmonton district is getting its
share.

FOOTBALL CONVENTION

A meeting will be held in Alexandra
Hall, Red Deer, on Monday, May 14, at
2 p.m. for the purpose of organizing a
provincial football association. It is
hoped that there will be a good repre-
sentation from the entire province.

FOOTBALL

A convention of football delegates of
Alberta will be held in Alexandra Hall,
Red Deer, on Monday, May 14, at 2 p.m.
for the purpose of organizing a pro-
vincial football association. Invita-
tions have been sent to every club in
the province to send two delegates each.
The Edmonton club will send two dele-
gates.

The Edmonton football club are now
minus a captain, Jim McCashan, the
old reliable, has departed on a Grand
Trunk Pacific survey party. A meet-
ing of the club will be held this week
to elect a new captain and to elect de-
legates to attend the convention in Red
Deer.

A game is being arranged for next
Friday, Arbor Day, between the E-
dmonton club and the newly organized
club in Strathcona. The game will be
played in Edmonton. Both teams have
strong line-ups, and the game will prob-
ably attract a large crowd.

BORN.

Irving.—On Monday, May 7th, at Mis-
ericordia Hospital, Edmonton, the wife
of L. E. Wentworth Irving, D. S. O.,
M. D., a daughter.

Coal

Furnace and Stove.
\$3.50 a Ton
Leave Orders at
MacKENZIE'S
Bookstore.

The Baldwin Coal Company.

WOOD

PHONE UP 219
CANDY & CO.

THE BIG STORE

Just Received a New Shipment

Of Ladies' fawn 3-4 length spring Coats.
Ladies White and Colored Muslin and Silk Blouses.
Ladies' ready-to-wear straw hats, and cloth caps.
Ladies Colored and Black Sunshades.

Children's Muslin and Silk Bonnets.

Children's Cloth and Leather Tams.

Children's wide brim sun Hats, from 25c. to \$1.25

A line of boy's Blouses (small sizes) your choice50c.

We have still a good assortment of carpets and linoleums that we
are offering at a discount of 25 per cent off regular prices.

This is a good opportunity to make your selection of a new floor
covering at a very moderate expense.

McDOUGALL & SEGORD

Phone 36.

Values for the Balance of this Week in CURTAINS AND DRAPERY MATERIAL

We have several odd lines that we purpose clearing at your
own price.
Our stock of new spring curtains containing the newest crea-
tions in lace, tapestry, velour, and Chenille will be sold at Thursday
sale day prices for the remainder of this week.
Plain and colored Madras, Muslins, and Netts by the yard.
Space will not allow us to enumerate these different lines, but
your inspection will convince you what we are offering.

McINTOSH & CAMPBELL

EMPIRE BLOCK

These are the Days for Soft Shirts

We have everything that is good in Summer Shirts, solid
colors, stripes, figures, plain white—the masterpieces of the
best makers. Every pattern a new one, and many are
exclusive with us.

JOHN I. MILLS

The Clothier and Hatter

GREAT REMNANT SALE

AT

Hudson's Bay Stores

For this week, we have an immense quantity of remnants in all
departments. These we have marked down at sensational prices, re-
gardless of cost.

Owing to the tremendous amount of trade contracted at this es-
tablishment, we find in sorting up, that we have a vast accumu-
lation of remnants, which must be cleared. Hence the reason for
these sacrifices in Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, Linens, Towellings,
Laces, Ribbons, etc.

Come Early and Look Them Over

Hudson's Bay Company